Page	1	14	

- didn't. Q. Did anything strike you about the OHSL 2 directors?
 - A. I don't recall anything striking me about the OHSL directors.
- So they didn't strike you as being old, 6 tired, and scared, in the words of their former CEO 8 and also fellow director?

9 MR. BURKE: Objection. Mischaracterizes 10 the record completely. Assumes facts not in evidence. Calls for speculation. You may 11 12 answer.

- 13 My answer to your question was, no, they didn't strike me as that. 14
- 15 Q. Did you ever meet a gentleman named Tom 16 Herron?
- 17 A. I can't remember the names of those 18 directors.
- 19 Q. Do you know who Tom Herron was?
- 20 A.

24

- Did you ever learn that an OHSL director 21 0.
- 22 had resigned in part in protest of the OHSL-
- Provident merger? 23
 - MR. BURKE: Objection. Assumes facts

- other litigation? 1
- 2 A. I don't remember. I really, you know, 3 don't remember when I learned it.

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Page 117

- 4 Q. When you learned it, did you ask any 5 questions to find out why?
- A. I may have. I don't remember whether I 6 7 did or I didn't.
- 8 Q. How did you learn that an OHSL director 9 had resigned?
- 10 A. I'm not certain how I learned it. I really can't tell -- I really can't remember, Mike, 11 or I would tell you. I don't know if someone told 12
- it to me or it came through this litigation. I 13 don't remember. 14
- Did you ever learn the timing with 15 respect to the resignation vis-a-vis the merger 16 17 agreement?
- I'm not sure I fully understand the 18 19 question. What do you mean by the timing?
- Q. The merger agreement was signed as of 20
- August 2, 1999, correct? 21 22
 - That sounds about right. Α.
- 23 Did you learn when the director had 24 resigned?

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- not in evidence; misstates the record; calls
- 2 for speculation. You may answer.
- 3 A. I learned that a director resigned. I
- don't know that I ever found out factually why the
- director resigned. 5
- Q. When --6
- 7 A. I don't know. I don't remember
- specifically. I don't want to misquote something.
- 9 When did you learn an OHSL director had 10 resigned?
- 11 A. That, I don't recall.
- Was it before or after the merger 12
- 13 agreement was signed?
- MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and 14 15 answered.
- 16 I don't recall when I learned it.
- 17 Was it before or after the proxy
- materials were created and disseminated to the 18
- 19 shareholders?
- 20 MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and 21 answered.
- 22 A. Yeah, I really don't remember when I
- 23 learned it.

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Did you learn it as part of this or

MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and 1 answered. You may answer. 2

- 3 A. I don't have a date attached to when the person resigned, so I don't remember when I learned it or when he did resign. 5
- 6 Q. Okay.

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- A. Before, during, or after.
- 8 Did you ever learn that it was close in
- 9 time with respect to the signing of the merger agreement? 10
- 11 MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and 12 answered.
- 13 A. I'm trying to remember. I'm not really that clear on when the person did resign. I mean, 14
- my best remembrance is he may have resigned before,
- but I'm not sure. He could have resigned after. I 16
- 17 don't...
- O. Before what? 18
- Before the merger, but he could have 19
- 20 resigned afterwards. I'm not certain when the guy 21 resigned.
- 22 If this OHSL director resigned in part
- 23 in protest, and if he resigned before the merger
 - agreement was signed, do you agree that that

30 (Pages 114 to 117)

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information should be included in Defendants' Exhibit 1?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation; assumes facts not in evidence; misstates the record.

- A. I don't want to speculate on all those different hypotheticals you gave me. I don't know how I could speculate on that. There were a couple there.
- Q. Mr. Carey, I just want to point this out. Mr. Burke objects and says, Calls for speculation; and then you respond by saying, I don't want to speculate. There's a pattern here.

Now, that being said, I'm entitled to an answer to my question. I don't believe it requires you to speculate.

17 A. Okay.

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18 Q. I want your belief. If these thing are 19 true, do you believe that this information should 20 have been included in Defendants' Exhibit 1?

MR. BURKE: Mr. Brautigam, you have just created a hypothetical based upon facts which do not exist, which are false, which are inaccurate.

So with those facts and those dates in mind, if everything I've said is true, do you believe that Mr. Herron's resignation should have been disclosed in the proxy materials?

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Page 121

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for legal conclusion; calls for speculation. You may answer.

- 8 A. I don't know whether that -- personally, 9 I don't know whether that should be included or 10 not.
 - Q. What factors would you consider in making such a determination?

MR. BURKE: Objection to form.

A. I'm not sure what factors I would consider. I'm trying to think about it, but I don't -- based on that hypothetical that you just gave me, I'm not sure I'm in a position -- I think that would be more of a legal counsel's prospectus on whether that should be disclosed or not versus an accounting.

I mean, so I don't know. I don't know what factors I would consider about it, but it's kind of a unique situation, not one I have a lot of experience with.

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The witness does not have to speculate or give gratuitous opinions on incomplete hypotheticals. I mean, you can demand that he answer all you want, and you can give him your opinion you don't think it calls for speculation.

That's his judgment to make. I'm making my objection for the record, and the witness can then answer if he's able.

MR. BRAUTIGAM: Jim, we don't need speaking objections. What's going on here with this witness and every other witness is very apparent.

14 BY MR. BRAUTIGAM:

- Q. Please answer the question if you can.
- A. First of all, repeat the question. I'm not -- just so I'm clear on thinking about it.
- Q. Let me represent to you Mr. Herron resigned in part in protest. Let me further represent to you that he resigned in part in protest on July 27, 1999, effective July 30, 1999.

I think we've already established that the merger agreement was signed on August 2nd, 1999. 1 Q. Why is it unique?

A. I don't know that I've been involved in a situation where a company was purchased in my business career -- and we've purchased a fair

5 amount of companies, at least been involved in some

6 way -- where someone has retired. So I don't -7 I'm not sure what factors you'd consider with that.

Q. You mean retired or resigned?

9 A. What did he do? Did he retire or did he 10 resign?

11 Q. He resigned.

A. Yeah, I mean, it's a new situation for me. I don't have a comparative. I don't know whether that happens frequently or not, so I don't know. I mean, I really can't tell you. I don't know whether that should be disclosed or not. It sounds like a little bit of an unusual situation.

Q. Why does it strike you as unusual?

19 A. Because I think in my business career of 20 being involved in, I don't know, 20-30 maybe

21 acquisitions, I don't recall ever hearing a

22 situation where a director has resigned before we

23 did -- right before we did a deal.

That's why it just seems unusual. It

- may not be. I'm just saying it seems -- in my own 2 experience -- let me say this. In the experience I've had, it's unusual. So whether that would be disclosed or something in a document, I have no 5
 - Mr. Carey, who does Defendants' Exhibit 1 come from?
- 8 MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and 9 answered.
- 10 A. I think it's a joint proxy from both companies, but the letter is from their chairman of 11 12 the board.
- 13 Q. And it also comes from the directors, 14 correct?
- 15 A. Yes.

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- 16 Q. And it does not come from legal counsel, 17 correct?
- 18 A. Right. It does not come -- typically 19 does not come from legal counsel.
- 20 Q. In fact, it never comes from legal
- 21 counsel, correct?
- 22 A. I don't know. I mean, the annual
- 23 proxies are sometimes signed by legal counsel.
- They do send that to shareholders -- or the

- but internal Provident people and our external 2 legal counsel.
- 3 Okay. With respect to internal
- 4 Provident people, do you remember anything at all

Page 124

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- 5 that you said with respect to the Defendants'
- 6 Exhibit 1?

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- 7 A. No. Do I remember something I said four 8 years ago?
 - Q. Well, it's more than four years ago.
- 10 Well, however many years ago it was. A.
- 11 Five years ago?
- 12 The context, not specifically words, but words or substance. 13
- 14 Tell me again what you're looking for. A.
- In other words, you could say I remember 15
- the topic of "x" coming up; and I said to someone 16
- 17 at Provident, Hey, we have to fix this, something
- like that? 18
- 19 Α. No. I don't remember that.
- 20 O. Did you ever make any comments to anyone
- 21 at OHSL?
- 22 About this document? A.
- 23 Q. Yes.
- 24 I don't recall. A.

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- secretary. They're usually legal guys and gals.
- When you said legal counsel, to whom were you referring?
- 3 4 Internal and external. When we have
- 5 what's a legal disclosure question, we talk to our
- 6 internal counsel and our external typically, not 7 always.
- 8 Q. Was the subject of the disclosure of an
- 9 OHSL director ever raised by anyone as the proxy
- 10 materials were assembled?
- Not that I'm aware of. 11
- What role, if any, did you have in 12 Q.
- Defendants' Exhibit 1? 13
- 14 A. It would have been on the financial
- 15 statements included in here primarily; but reading
- 16 the document, I wouldn't have been involved in
- 17 authoring the general description front section of
- it, but I would have read it and probably made 18
- 19 comments where I thought things were not, you know,
- as they should be, but it wouldn't have been 20
- 21 something that I would have authored.
- 22 Who did you make your comments to?
- I don't recall who I made the comments 23
- to because I don't recall exactly who drafted it,

Who was the primary point person from 1

- 2 Provident with respect to getting the merger done?
- Getting the merger done or getting these 3 4 documents completed?
- 5 Let's talk about getting the merger Q. 6 done.
- 7 Hum, are you asking after the deal was A. 8 approved?
- 9 At any time. If it changed over time, Q. 10 tell me.
- 11 MR. BURKE: Objection. Form; vague.
- 12 A. I don't - I'm not sure I fully
- 13 understand your question. That's all.
- Q. Let me see if I can rephrase it. Was 14
- 15 there a person who was primarily responsible for effectuating the merger at Provident? 16
- MR. BURKE: Same objection. 17
- 18 A. I'm just not sure I know what you mean
- when you're saying effectuating the merger. 19
- 20 There's trying to get the transaction completed;
- 21 then integrate the transaction. So there's almost
- 22 two phases to it.
- 23 Q. Okay. Who was the primary person at
- 24 Provident responsible for getting the merger

32 (Pages 122 to 125)

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Page 126

completed? MR. BURKE: Objection. Same question. Same objection.

A. Yeah, I'm not really sure. I mean, I would probably be considered one of the individuals, but I don't know that someone would have said I was primary. There could -- it could have been viewed that other people were more primary than me.

10 Q. Who were these other people you're referring to? 11

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12 A. I would think that our CEO, Bob Hoverson; myself; perhaps our internal legal 13 counsel. That would probably be the group.

15 Q. And who was primarily responsible for 16 getting the document, meaning Defendants' Exhibit 1, together? 17

18 I'm not sure. I mean, it's a big 19 document. I'd say it was a combination of the 20 legal staff and the accounting staff. I don't know 21 if there's a primary on that one.

22 The drafting would have been controlled 23 by legal people; but we certainly were -- you know, a lot of the information there is financial.

going back five years. There's so many names.

Do you know who Ken Hanauer was?

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Yes, I know Ken. A.

4 How do you know Ken? Q. 5

Ken is the CEO. A.

6 O. Was.

> Was the CEO. Α.

8 What, if any, contact with Ken Hanauer Q. 9 did you have?

10 Again, it stretches my memory to go back five years ago and try to remember the contact I 11 had with Ken Hanauer, but he was at the meeting we

13 had to talk about the merging, us buying their 14

company.

15 I know that there were subsequent 16 meetings in between when we reached an agreement and all the way through closing and after closing 17 -- I can't -- you know, I know there were at least 18 some other times I met with Ken and/or talked on

19 20 the phone with Ken. I wouldn't describe it as a

21 regular dialog, but there's certain dialogue with

22 Ken.

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23 In general, what was the substance of Q. those dialogues?

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Internal or external legal people? O.

I don't recall. I mean, we used A.

external; but I don't really recall really who was

4 controlling the drafting, whether it was our

internal people and getting feedback from the

external counsel or vice versa. And I've seen it 6 7 work both ways in many different instances.

8 Who was the primary person at OHSL with 9 responsibility for effectuating the merger?

I don't know. I'm not sure. I really 10

-- I'd be guessing if I gave you an answer at that. 11

12 Who was the primary person at OHSL who 13 was responsible for assembling the document?

Again, I don't remember. Α.

15 Q. Do you know who Pat Condren is?

I don't recall who Pat Condren is. 16 Α.

What's his title? 17

18 Q. CFO, OHSL.

19 A. Okay.

Did you have any contact with Pat 20 Q.

21 Condren?

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22 It was probably pretty limited. I mean,

23 I probably had contact with him, but it's not like

this was such a large transaction -- but it's just

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Do you remember any of the details? Q.

Details related to the acquisition.

A. No.

A.

Let's shift gears and go back to the

5 Provident National City merger for a moment. My

understanding from reading the document is that the 6

7 Provident board voted unanimously to merge with

National City; is that correct? 8

9 I believe that's correct.

How did you obtain that belief?

11 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for

speculation; foundation. 12 13

Α. I think it's in the document.

And do you agree that the actual vote 14

15 and believing that the merger with National City is

in the best interest of Provident shareholders are 16

17 separate and distinct concepts?

18 MR. BURKE: Objection to form; vague;

19 calls for speculation. You may answer.

20 Repeat the question.

21 Okay. Do you believe that the fact that

22 Provident directors voted unanimously to merge

23 National City and the fact that Provident directors

believed the merger to be in the best interest of

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Page 130

Provident shareholders to be separate and distinct concepts?

MR. BURKE: Objection to form, vague. I don't understand that question. I think it also calls for speculation, and there's no foundation that he has knowledge of that, but he may answer.

- A. Do I believe that those are two separate events? Is that what you're saying?
- 10 Separate and distinct concepts.
- That they voted for it and that it was 11 Α. 12 unanimous?
- 13 No, that they voted unanimously to 14 approve the merger as directors and that they believe that the merger is in the best interest of 15
- 16 Provident shareholders.
- A. I don't know. I can't speak for the 17 18 directors on something like that, Mike. I'm not...
- You would have to ask -- whatever you're trying to 19
- 20 get at, you have to ask it differently if you want
- me to give you some kind of response. 21
- 22 You're a Provident shareholder, correct? Q.
- 23 A.

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Did you vote your shares in favor of the Q.

- And you attended that special meeting, Q. 1
- 2 correct? 3
 - A. Yes.
 - Did you see me there? Q.
 - Excuse me? A.
- Did you see me there? 6 Q.
 - No, I did not. A.
- 8 At any point up to and including the Q. 9 meeting, did you have an expectation as to how
- 10 Provident directors would vote their personal

shares? 11

> MR. BURKE: Objection. Foundation; calls for speculation. You may answer.

14 It isn't something that I really thought that much about, frankly. Expectation as to how 15 they would vote their shares? 16

I presume that if they -- if management and Dave Daberko and the investment bankers all made the right presentations, they would probably vote for it. I didn't ever think about would it be unanimous or not. I mean, I -- but I thought that

they would vote for it if everybody recommended it. 22 23 Q. Okay. Because that stands to reason,

24 correct?

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Page 132

- merger? 1 2
 - A. Yes.
 - (Off-the-record interruption.)
- 4 BY MR. BRAUTIGAM:
 - Q. Did you have an expectation as to how the Provident directors would vote their shares? I'm not asking how they voted their shares; I'm asking if you personally had an expectation.

9 MR. BURKE: Objection. Foundation; 10 calls for speculation. You may answer.

- A. Not something I really... I'm not sure 11
- I had an expectation on how they would vote their 12
- 13 shares. When? I mean, like right before, after they got presented everything, or -- I mean... 14
- 15 There was a special meeting of Provident 16 shareholders that took place on May 20th of 2004, 17 correct?
- 18 A. I don't know the exact date. We had a
- special meeting. I don't know if it was that date, 19
- but it sounds close to it.
- 21 Q. What was the purpose of that special meeting? 22
- 23 Α. To vote on the, you know, acquisition of
- Nat City -- of Provident by Nat City.

- MR. BURKE: Objection to form. I don't 1 2 know what you mean.
 - A. I don't know what you mean by stands to reason, but I have been through the experience before. I expected if everybody recommended the transaction, that the board -- although I've been involved in situations before where they haven't all voted for it, including the sale of my last company.

10 MR. BURKE: He's talking about voting 11 their shares; not voting of the board. Do you 12 understand that?

THE WITNESS: No.

14 BY MR. BRAUTIGAM:

- 15 It's a good distinction. I think the proxy materials for the National City merger say 16
- that the Provident board voted unanimously in favor 17
- 18 of the merger. Are you with me?
 - A. I think that's right.
- 20 I further believe that the Provident-
- 21 National City proxy materials say that the board
- 22 unanimously believes that the merger is in the best
- 23 interest of Provident shareholders.
- 24 MR. BURKE: If you're going to make the

34 (Pages 130 to 133)

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Page 134

- representation, just show the document to the witness, please, so he can verify and see what you're saying.
 - Q. (Handing witness document.)
- I don't see the word unanimous in here anywhere that you keep on using, but it says

believe the merger is fair. Here we go.

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- 8 Unanimously recommends that Provident shareholders 9 vote for adoption of the merger. Okay.
- 10 Q. Do you believe that it's fair to conclude, as a reader of that document, that the 11 Provident board would follow their own 12 recommendation and vote their personal shares in 13

14 favor of the Provident-National City merger?

15 MR. BURKE: Objection. No foundation; 16 calls for speculation.

- A. I don't even think, Mike, people think 18 about that. That's my answer. I don't think people think about that, other than the controlling shareholders.
- Q. Well, I'm asking you to think about it 21 right now. Do you believe, based on what you've 22 23 read, which does include the word unanimously,
- 24 which you graciously pointed out, that the

You know, I mean, these are just hypothetical questions. I don't know if I understand it. Why is it relevant? I know I can't ask questions, but...

MR. BURKE: The question is did you have an expectation one way or the other. Did you have an opinion one way or the other?

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- I want to go back to answer your other question because I mis-answered it because I didn't understand. I had no expectation at any point in time during the entire process as to how the non-Lindner family would vote their shares. I never thought about it.
- Q. Are you talking about each individual Provident shareholder or are you talking about --
- The board members. I never had an 16 expectation how they would vote their shares. 17
- Q. Right. But now that you've read this 18 19 part of the Provident-National City proxy 20 materials, you do have an expectation that the board members would vote their shares in favor of 21 22 the merger, correct?
- 23 MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and 24 answered.

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- Provident directors would vote their shares in
- favor of the Provident-National City merger?
- 3 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 4 speculation.
 - A. Did they?
- 6 Q. No. That's not my question at all. My question is your belief. 7 8
 - MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for
- 10 Do I believe that, based on this, they would all vote their shares? That's your question? 11
- Q. In favor of the Provident-National City 12 13 merger, correct?
 - MR. BURKE: Objection. Same objection.
- 15 A. It's not something I would have ever
- thought about, frankly, but --16
- 17 Q. But thinking about it now... 18 MR. BURKE: What's that? Objection.
- 19 A. You know, yeah, I think they would have,
- but, I mean, they could not have. I mean, I
- wouldn't bet on it. 21
- 22 But you think they would have, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 23
- speculation. 24

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- Yeah, I think they would vote in favor. A.
- Q. And that, in substance, they would

follow their own recommendation, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. Form; vague.

- I don't know how that's relevant, but I answered the first question. You're just clarifying.
 - Q. It's a different question.
- What's the different question again? 9 A.
 - That they would follow their own
- recommendation, correct? 11
 - You're making a statement, right?
- 13 No. I'm asking if you expected -- I'm not saying whether they did or not -- that the 14 Provident board would follow their own 15

recommendation to the shareholders? MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for

18 speculation.

- 19 Let me just say this. I didn't have an expectation at any point in time during the process
- 21 about how the non-Lindner family -- our board,
- which doesn't have any Lindners on it -- how they 22
- 23 would vote their shares. That was not something
 - that I focused on.

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- Q. And you just focused on it now, correct?
- A. I think it's likely that they would vote the shares for it, but I don't know. I don't know how they would really -- I don't know how they think. I would be speculating to say what they're going to do.
- Q. Why do you think it's likely that Provident directors would vote their shares in favor of the merger?

MR. BURKE: Objection.

- 11 A. It's typical. I think it's typical, I 12 guess.
- Q. Also, it is consistent with their recommendation to their fellow Provident shareholders, whose interest they're appointed to represent, correct?
- MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation. You may answer.
 - A. I think it's consistent.
- 20 Q. Great. Now we're getting to the
- 21 relevant part. Would you please look at the first
- 22 page of Defendants' Exhibit 1. I want to direct
- 23 your attention to this sentence that begins, Your
 - board of directors unanimously. Do you see that?

- 1 MR. BURKE: Hum-um.
 - A. There it is. Seven.
- Q. So from reading the first sentence of the document, you would conclude that OHSL's board of seven members voted unanimously in favor of the merger with Provident, correct?

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MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation as to what OHSL directors did. No foundation.

A. Let's take a break.

MR. BURKE: You have to answer the question. If you don't have an answer, that's fine. Same objection.

A. Tell me the specific question again.

15 (The question was read back.)16 MR. BURKE: Objection. Cal

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation as to what OHSL directors did. No foundation for that. You may answer.

- 19 A. I guess I'm not a hundred percent sure 20 of what the word unanimously means there.
 - Q. Why not?
- 22 A. I mean, does that mean it's a -- they
- 23 received more than the 50 percent, or is that -
 - what is unanimously supposed to mean?

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- A. Um-hum.
- Q. Would you read that paragraph to yourself, please.
- 4 A. Okay. I read it. It's just two 5 sentences, right?
 - Q. Right. Now, let's focus on the first sentence. Your board of directors unanimously approved the acquisition and believes that it is in the best interest of OHSL stockholders. Do you see
- 10 that?

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- 11 A. Um-hum.
- 12 Q. When it says unanimously approved the 13 acquisition, what does that mean to you?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation.

- 16 A. I think that means everyone on the board 17 voted for it.
- 18 Q. How many people were on the OHSL board?
- 19 A. I don't recall.
- 20 Q. Let me direct your attention to page 57
- 21 of the document. Would you just look at that,
- 22 please.

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- 23 A. Page 57?
 - Q. Right. It says number of directors.

- Q. Mr. Carey, are you familiar with how the word unanimously appears in the Provident-National City proxy materials?
- 4 MR. BURKE: Objection. Relevance.
 - A. I am familiar with that, yes.
- 6 Q. Is the word unanimously used in the same 7 sense in the OHSL-Provident merger?
- 8 A. I don't know because I'm more familiar 9 with that situation having been closer to it than 10 what these people did separately from us.
 - Q. Are you a fair man, Mr. Carey?
 MR. BURKE: Objection to relevance. You may answer. Objection to form.
 - A. Do I think I'm a fair man? Yes.
- 15 Q. Is there any other fair reading of that 16 sentence that we're focused on?
 - A. I don't know.

MR. BURKE: In what? In the Nat City or are we talking about OHSL?

MR. BRAUTIGAM: No. We're focused on Defendants' Exhibit 1, the sentence that reads, Your board of directors unanimously

approved the acquisition and believes that it
 is in the best interest of OHSL stockholders.

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Page 142

BY MR. BRAUTIGAM:

- Q. Now, Mr. Carey, what part of speech is the word unanimously, if you know?
- MR. BURKE: Objection to relevance.
- What do you mean by what part of speech? 5
- It's an adverb, isn't it? 6 Q.
- 7 A. Yes.

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- 8 Q. It modifies a verb, correct?
- 9 Right.
- Q. In fact, in this sentence, it modifies 10
- two verbs, correct? 11
- MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 12
- speculation; no foundation. 13
- 14 A. Certainly, yeah, I think it does. It
- certainly modifies one verb. 15
- Q. It modifies approved, and you believe it 16
- modifies believes as well, correct? 17
- 18 MR. BURKE: Objection.
- 19 A. I don't know that it modifies believes,
- 20 but...

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- What other word do you think unanimously 21 Q.
- 22 may modify?
- Just approved. 23 Α.
 - Well, didn't you say a second ago you Q.

- said, Answer the question. That was ten minutes ago.
- Q. Mr. Carey, do you wish to take a break?

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Page 145

- 4 A.
- 5 Do you wish to take a break to confer O.
- 6 with counsel? 7
 - A. No.
- MR. BURKE: None of your business. 8
- MR. BRAUTIGAM: If he's taking a break 9 10
 - to confer with counsel, I want it on the record.
 - MR. BURKE: And the answer was no.
- MR. BRAUTIGAM: Okay. Good enough. 13
- 14 (A brief break was taken from 11:42 to
- 11:47, 5 minutes.) 15
- BY MR. BRAUTIGAM: 16
 - Q. Mr. Carey, did you confer with counsel during the break?
- 19 MR. BURKE: Objection. Instruct the 20 witness not to answer.
- 21 MR. BRAUTIGAM: I'm not asking for the
- substance. I'm asking if it happened. 22
- 23 MR. BURKE: Did we say anything to each 24
 - other? Okay. He can answer that. Did we say

Page 143

- felt it modifies two words?
- No, no. I was looking for the other 2
- word that it modified. I'm sorry. I think it
- clearly modifies approved. I don't know whether it
- modifies believes. Just the way it's written here, 5
- I'm not sure. That's all. 6
 - Q. What would you need to know to determine whether or not unanimously also modifies believes?
 - MR. BURKE: Objection.
- A. I don't know how I would determine that 10 11 at this stage.
- 12 Q. Could you diagram the sentence?
- No. I wasn't very -- I was never very 13
- good at the diagramming. 14
- Okay. You were a numbers guy, right? 15 Q.
- Somewhat. 16 A.
- 17 MR. BURKE: Objection to form.
- 18 Q. Do you believe that there's any --
- 19 MR. BURKE: Do you want to take a break, 20 by any chance?
- 21 THE WITNESS: Let's take a break.
- Do you wish to confer with counsel? 22
- MR. BURKE: No. He wants to take a 23
 - break. He asked to take a break earlier. You

- anything to each other. 1
- 2 BY MR. BRAUTIGAM:
- Q. Did you confer with counsel? I'm not 3 4 talking about sports.
- 5 MR. BURKE: No. Did we say anything to each other? I'm not going to let you get into 6 the subject of it, but he can say whether we 7
 - said anything during the break, yes.
- 8 Q. Did you say anything to Mr. Burke or did 9
- Mr. Burke say anything to you related to the 10 deposition? 11
- 12 MR. BURKE: Objection. I instruct the witness not to answer. That's the substance 13 of the conversation, Mike. 14
- 15 MR. BRAUTIGAM: Respectfully, I 16 disagree.
- BY MR. BRAUTIGAM: 17
- Mr. Carey, do you believe that a fair 18
- reading of the sentence, Your board of directors 19
- unanimously approved the acquisition and believes
- that it is in the best interest of OHSL 21
- 22 stockholders means that the whole OHSL board
- believes that the merger with Provident is in the
- 24 best interest of the stockholders?

MR. BURKE: Objection to form; calls for speculation.

- A. As I said, Mike, I think that the unanimously is likely to -- you know, clearly relates to the word approved; but I don't know whether it means believes, also. I mean, I can't make a judgment on that. I didn't ask Norbert here. He wrote it.
- Q. Why can't you make a judgment on that? MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and answered.
- 12 A. I don't know the answer to that really.
- Can't you read it today and form a 13
- 14 conclusion based on the sentence structure?
- 15 No. If I could, I would. I don't
- really have a conclusion on whether it related to 16
- believes. I'm not sure. That's my answer. My 17
- 18 answer is I'm not sure that you can conclude that.
- 19 I'm not saying you can't; I'm not saying you can.
- I just am not sure how one should conclude that 20
- based upon the way it's written here. 21
- Q. Is there any hint of dissent in 22
- Defendants' Exhibit 1? 23

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MR. BURKE: Objection. The entire

- Do you believe that the OHSL directors 1
 - 2 were in favor of selling their company to
 - 3 Provident?
 - Yeah. In general, yeah. A.
 - Q. Do you believe that that was true --
 - I don't know that I believe it was A.
 - 7 equally true that everyone was the same -- had the
 - 8 same level of enthusiasm. It's typical that it's
 - 9 not.

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- 10 Q. Okay.
- 11 I don't really recall; but, I mean, I
- don't remember thinking that everybody was in the 12 13 same exact place.
 - Ο. Which directors do you believe had a
- 15 higher level of enthusiasm than other directors?
- I couldn't possibly recall after five 16 Α. 17 years.
- 18 Q. What's the basis for that statement?
- 19 Α. Just sort of general business
- 20 experience, that when you buy companies, there's
- 21 not usually the same level of enthusiasm by every
- board member to sell a company and have it go away. 22
- 23 O. Did you believe that Mr. Hanauer was in
- favor of the merger with Provident? 24

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- document?
- 2 Yeah, the entire document.
 - MR. BURKE: Objection. Overbroad.
- Document speaks for itself. You may answer. 4
 - A. I don't know if there's any hint of
- dissent in the entire document. I don't believe 6
- 7 there's anything in the first page, but it's a
- 8 hundred page document.
- Q. If there was some dissent, do you think 9 it would have caught your attention in '99 as you 10
- reviewed it? 11
- 12 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation. 13
- 14
- A. I think it would have.
- 15 And you don't recall it happening, Q.
- 16 correct?
- 17 A. No.
- Q. Did you believe that the OHSL directors 18
- were enthusiastic about the merger with Provident? 19
- MR. BURKE: Objection. Foundation. 20
- 21 I don't know what -- you know, what you
- mean by enthusiastic in that case, but I think it
- was an emotional decision for them to sell their 23
- company to us. 24

- I can't really recall specifics about 1
- 2 how they felt back five years. I mean, I don't
- recall anyone not being in favor of it, but... 3
- 4 Q. Mr. Carey, with respect to the Provident
- 5 National City merger, if I understand your
- testimony correctly, you said that you expected the 6
- board would follow their own recommendation and 7
- vote their shares in favor of the merger with 8
- 9 National City; is that correct? 10
 - MR. BURKE: Objection. Misstates prior
- 11 testimony.

12

- That's different than what I said. I
- said I didn't have expectations for how they would 13
- vote their shares. I really don't know how they 14
- 15 voted their shares. I mean, I think it's a fact at
- this stage. I think it's likely that they would 16
- vote them that way, but they might not. I don't 17
- 18 know. 19 Q. Well, actually, that's a fair point,
- that until I asked you to consider that question, 20
- 21 you didn't have an understanding or an expectation
- as to how the Provident directors would vote their 22
- 23 shares with respect to the National City merger.
- That much is correct, right?

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MR. BURKE: Objection. Can you repeat that? You lost me midway.

(The question was read back.)

MR. BURKE: Objection. Prior testimony speaks for itself. Asked and answered. Objection to form.

- Well, I don't know how to interpret the word understanding that you had interjected in there, because I doubt that I used that word, if I said it, but I didn't have an expectation.
- 10 Okay. And then I asked you to think 11 about this very question today as you sit here. 12
- And if I understood your testimony correctly, you 13 said, Yes, my expectation was that they would 14
- 15 probably vote in favor of the merger with National 16 City, in substance.
- 17 MR. BURKE: Objection.
- 18 A. Right.

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- MR. BURKE: Asked and answered.
- 20 Correct?
- 21 MR. BURKE: Misstates prior testimony.
- A. I think I answered it, but I'll still 22
- 23 answer it again, yeah.
- 24 Q. Yes?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 2 speculation; no foundation.

3 A. I would say that I didn't -- I don't 4 recall having an expectation about how these guys 5 were going to vote their shares. It's not

Page 152

Page 153

- 6 something I would have typically thought about. 7
- Q. Are you familiar with the phrase "voting 8 agreements"?
 - A. I think I've heard of it. I'm not sure
- 10 I could tell you what it means.
- What are voting agreements? 11
- 12 I think there was a discussion about Α.
- having a voting agreement with the Lindners in the 13
- Nat City transaction, and that's where I think you 14
- 15 ask large shareholders to commit to voting their shares a certain way. But maybe it's something 16
- else, so tell me if I'm wrong. 17
- Was that ever done with respect to the 18
- Provident-National City merger? 19
- A. I believe it was not. 20
 - Q. Why not?
- 22 MR. BURKE: Objection.
- 23 I'm not sure why it wasn't done. It
 - wasn't part of my negotiation process.

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- A. Yes.
- Okay. Thank you. From reading the sentence that we've talked about here -- actually,
- 4 let's read the next sentence as well.
 - A. Okay.
- 6 The board unanimously recommends and 7 advises that you approve the acquisition at the
- 8 special meeting so that the transaction may be 9 completed. Do you see that?
- 10 A. Um-hum.
- Did I read it correctly? 11 Q.
- 12 Yes, you did.
- Q. Does the word unanimously modify 13
- 14 recommends and advises?
- 15 MR. BURKE: Objection. Speculation.
- Again, I think it modifies recommends. 16
- I don't know whether it modifies advises. I don't 17
- 18 know whether that's an important distinction or
- 19 not, but...
- 20 All right. Well, let's focus on
- 21 unanimously recommends. Did you have an
- expectation in 1999 that the OHSL board would
- 23 follow their own recommendation and vote their
- shares consistent with this document?

Were voting agreements ever considered 1 and rejected with respect to the Provident-Oak 2

Hills merger? 3

- A. I've no idea. I don't recall that they 4 5 were, but I don't know.
- 6 Q. Are voting agreements common in mergers 7 and acquisitions?
 - MR. BURKE: Objection to form.
- 9 I'm not sure. I'm guessing they're not Α. 10 common.
- 11 Q.
- Because I don't recall seeing many of 12 A.
- 13 them.

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- 14 Q. What's the purpose of voting agreements?
- I think it's -- typically, when you have 15
- a controlling shareholder, you want to make sure 16
- they're going to vote in your favor; but there 17
- could be different reasons. 18
 - Q. Who is OHSL's largest shareholder?
- 20 I don't know.
- 21 Do you know how Ken Hanauer voted his
- 22 personal shares?
- 23 MR. BURKE: Objection. Foundation. You
- 24 may answer.

39 (Pages 150 to 153)

	Page 154		Page 156
1	A. My understanding, he did not vote for	1	MR. BRAUTIGAM: What do you suggest we
$\frac{1}{2}$	the merger.	2	do?
$\sqrt{3}$	Q. Where did you get that understanding?	3	MS. PERRY: I have no suggestion for
4	A. I think I got it from the litigation,	4	you. He's out of the office for the week, so
5	but I'm not certain that's where I got it from.	5	there's nothing he can do to help you with
6	Q. Did that surprise you in any way?	6	this deposition. I don't know. What case is
7	A. Yeah, I guess it did, you know.	7	it?
8	Q. Why?	8	MR. BRAUTIGAM: It's the OHSL securities
9	A. I don't think he had a lot of shares. I	9	litigation. I guess if there's nothing you
10	wasn't sure why he didn't vote them. He didn't	10	can do, that covers it.
11	have a lot of shares. It's more typical that they	11	MS. PERRY: You can call the district
12	would vote for it, but he gets to vote his own	12	judge on the case, if it's not a consent case.
13	shares however he wants. That's the whole system.	13	MR. BRAUTIGAM: What do you mean by a
14	You know, he doesn't have to vote for	14	consent case?
15	the merger. They're his own individual shares. So	15	MS, SMITH: If you haven't consented to
16	he didn't vote them for it. What was the	16	final judgment by the magistrate
17	percentage that the deal went through for? I don't	17	MR. BRAUTIGAM: Correct. Okay.
18	know. Pretty high.	18	MS. SMITH: and it's still with the
19	Q. Do you consider 52.4 percent pretty	19	district judge, I would suggest you call their
20	high?	20	chambers and try to get their input on it.
21	A. 52.4 percent. That's the margin of	21	MR. BRAUTIGAM: Thank you very much.
22	victory? Is that what it was?	22	MR. BURKE: Thank you.
23	Q. Yes.	23	MS.PERRY: You're welcome.
24	MR. BURKE: Objection as to	24	(Attorney Brautigam hung up the phone.)
]	•		
ļ —			
į,	Page 155		Page 157
1	characterization; mischaracterizes the	1	MR. BRAUTIGAM: I think I had a partial
2	evidence. You may answer.	2	question.
3	A. It's a majority.	3	(The question was read back.)
4	Q. Do you consider it pretty high?	4	"QUESTION: What was the margin of
5	A. I don't know if I would be able to make	5	victory, as you used the phrase, with
6	a judgment whether that's high or not in terms of	6	respect"
7	what happens with mergers.	7	BY MR. BRAUTIGAM:
8		8	Q to some of the other mergers and
9	Q. What was the margin of victory with respect to the Provident-National City merger.	9	acquisitions with which you've been involved in
10	·	_	acquisitions with which you're been myorved in
11	Δ 90 percent	10	your 20-30 year husiness career?
12	A. 99 percent. O. What was the margin of victory, as you	10	your 20-30 year business career? MR_BURKE: Objection Vague:
1	Q. What was the margin of victory, as you	11	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague;
13	Q. What was the margin of victory, as you used the phrase, with respect	11 12	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague; overbroad.
13 14	Q. What was the margin of victory, as you used the phrase, with respect (Off-the-record interruption.)	11 12 13	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague; overbroad. A. I really don't recall what they
14	Q. What was the margin of victory, as you used the phrase, with respect (Off-the-record interruption.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Magistrate Judge Hogan	11 12 13 14	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague; overbroad. A. I really don't recall what they typically were.
14 15	Q. What was the margin of victory, as you used the phrase, with respect (Off-the-record interruption.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Magistrate Judge Hogan is on the line, so we'll get him.	11 12 13 14 15	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague; overbroad. A. I really don't recall what they typically were. Q. Were any of these margins of victory in
14 15 16	Q. What was the margin of victory, as you used the phrase, with respect (Off-the-record interruption.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Magistrate Judge Hogan is on the line, so we'll get him. (Attorney Brautigam picking up phone.)	11 12 13 14 15 16	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague; overbroad. A. I really don't recall what they typically were. Q. Were any of these margins of victory in the 50 percent range?
14 15 16 17	Q. What was the margin of victory, as you used the phrase, with respect (Off-the-record interruption.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Magistrate Judge Hogan is on the line, so we'll get him. (Attorney Brautigam picking up phone.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Your Honor?	11 12 13 14 15 16 17	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague; overbroad. A. I really don't recall what they typically were. Q. Were any of these margins of victory in the 50 percent range? A. I don't know.
14 15 16 17 18	Q. What was the margin of victory, as you used the phrase, with respect (Off-the-record interruption.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Magistrate Judge Hogan is on the line, so we'll get him. (Attorney Brautigam picking up phone.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Your Honor? MS. SMITH: Judge Hogan is on vacation	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague; overbroad. A. I really don't recall what they typically were. Q. Were any of these margins of victory in the 50 percent range? A. I don't know. MR. BURKE: Objection to form.
14 15 16 17 18 19	Q. What was the margin of victory, as you used the phrase, with respect (Off-the-record interruption.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Magistrate Judge Hogan is on the line, so we'll get him. (Attorney Brautigam picking up phone.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Your Honor? MS. SMITH: Judge Hogan is on vacation this week. This is Linda Smith calling to let	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague; overbroad. A. I really don't recall what they typically were. Q. Were any of these margins of victory in the 50 percent range? A. I don't know. MR. BURKE: Objection to form. A. Don't know. They could have been. I
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Q. What was the margin of victory, as you used the phrase, with respect (Off-the-record interruption.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Magistrate Judge Hogan is on the line, so we'll get him. (Attorney Brautigam picking up phone.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Your Honor? MS. SMITH: Judge Hogan is on vacation this week. This is Linda Smith calling to let you know that he will not be returning your	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague; overbroad. A. I really don't recall what they typically were. Q. Were any of these margins of victory in the 50 percent range? A. I don't know. MR. BURKE: Objection to form. A. Don't know. They could have been. I don't know.
14 15 16 17 18 19	Q. What was the margin of victory, as you used the phrase, with respect (Off-the-record interruption.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Magistrate Judge Hogan is on the line, so we'll get him. (Attorney Brautigam picking up phone.) MR. BRAUTIGAM: Your Honor? MS. SMITH: Judge Hogan is on vacation this week. This is Linda Smith calling to let	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague; overbroad. A. I really don't recall what they typically were. Q. Were any of these margins of victory in the 50 percent range? A. I don't know. MR. BURKE: Objection to form. A. Don't know. They could have been. I

24 respect to that acquisition?

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chambers?

MS. SMITH: Yes.

What was the margin of victory with

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Page	158
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No idea.

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- 2 You mentioned that, in substance, if
- Mr. Hanauer wished to vote his shares in favor of
- the merger or against the merger or not vote,
- that's his own business; is that right? 5
 - Correct.
- 7 Q. Do you believe that's true for the CEO 8 of the company?
 - MR. BURKE: Objection to form.
- 10 I don't know what you -- he is the CEO of the company. 11
- Do you believe that it's true in spite 12 13 of the language of the proxy materials where he, as a director, is making a recommendation to the 14
- shareholders to vote in favor of the merger? 15
- 16 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation. 17
- 18 A. What's the question again?
- 19 You agree that the OHSL board is
- unanimously recommending that the acquisition 20
- between OHSL and Provident be approved, correct? 21
- 22 MR. BURKE: Objection. The document 23 speaks for itself.
- 24 A. I think that statement is correct. It's

- Mr. Hanauer was in favor of the merger?
 - MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 2 3 speculation. You may answer.

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- A. I think he voted for it. I thought he 4
- 5 voted for it, didn't he?
- 6 As a director? O.
 - A. Yeah.
- 8 Q. Do you know why he voted for it?
- I presumed he voted for it for the 9
- reasons that are stated here. He thought it was 10 good for the shareholders. 11
 - Q. Would you just read the first page of Plaintiffs' Exhibit 106 to yourself.
 - (Witness complies.)
- Mr. Carey, based on reading the first 15 page of Plaintiffs' 106, do you still believe that 16 Mr. Hanauer voted as a director in favor of the 17 merger because he believed it was in the best 18 19 interest of OHSL shareholders?

20 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation; assumes facts not in evidence. 21 You're asking him to assume -- take out-of-22 23

context statements, and it's an improper. question.

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in the document.

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- Q. And do you believe, as a general matter, that if the CEO is not going to follow his own recommendation as a director, that he has an obligation to disclose his opposition to the merger?
 - MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation; calls for legal conclusion; assumes facts not in evidence. You may answer.
- 10 A. I don't know the answer to that 11 question. I wouldn't know how to answer that 13 question, whether that should be disclosed or not, 14 if that's what it is. I don't know.
- Q. If Mr. Hanauer were opposed to the 15 merger, do you believe that Defendants' Exhibit 1 16 provides full and fair disclosure? 17
- 18 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 19 speculation; assumes facts not in evidence.
- 20 Again, you're going through this
- 21 hypothetical situation.
- 22 What hypothetical are you talking about? Q.
- 23 Α. If he was opposed to the merger. 24
 - Do you have any reason to believe that

- Yeah, I mean, I don't know who this is.
- Where does it say that Hanover[sic] is even -- his name isn't even mentioned here.
- 4 Q. Let me represent to you that where it says question, "Q," that's me. Where it says "A," 5 6 that's Mr. Hanauer.
 - MR. BURKE: Objection. Still calls for speculation as to what this witness can
- 10 Yeah, I don't -- you know, look, I'm not going to try to interpret your legal document 11 there. I don't think I'm qualified to interpret 12 13 your deposition. I think that's more your job.
- Mr. Carey, do you understand that, among 14 other things, the purpose of a deposition is to 15 interpret documents? 16
- 17 A. Not for me to interpret what some other person said that you're deposing. 18
 - My question goes to your belief, sir.
- 20 Mr. Carey, based on what you read on the first page
- of Plaintiffs' Exhibit 106, now that we've 21
- correctly identified the parties -- who's speaking, 22
- who's asking the questions, etc. -- do you still 23
 - believe that Mr. Hanauer voted as a director in

41 (Pages 158 to 161)

favor of the OHSL-Provident merger because he believed it was in the best interest of OHSL shareholders?

MR. BURKE: Objection.

- A. I really do not want to speculate on why Hanover[sic] voted for it.
 - Q. Doesn't he say why?

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MR. BURKE: Where? What are you talking

- 10 On the first page of Plaintiffs' Exhibit Q. 11 106.
- MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 12 13 speculation as to some other person's testimony. 14
- 15 I don't think it's appropriate for me to speculate on what he is thinking or saying or why 16 he did -- or, did what he did, frankly. I don't 17 18 see the relevancy of it, Mike.
- Q. Mr. Carey, respectfully, that's not the 19 way the process works. I'm entitled to ask for 20
- your comments on Mr. Hanauer's sworn testimony. 21
- 22 And my first question right now is
- doesn't Mr. Hanauer specifically say in substance 23
 - that he voted in favor of the merger, not because

- MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for legal 1 2 conclusion.
 - 3 I don't know and I don't know. That A.
 - 4 would be the way I would respond to both of those 5 for the record.

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- 6 Do you read the Wall Street Journal? Q.
 - A. Yes, I do.
- 8 Q. Have you read it for a number of years?
 - A. Yes, I have.
- 10 Do you read the Cincinnati Business Q.
- 11 Courier?

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- A. Not really.
- Have you ever read any press regarding 13 Q. 14 this litigation?
- 15 Pretty limited. I don't know. A.
- Take a look at that, please, Plaintiffs' 16
- Exhibit 1. I direct your attention to the column 17
- in the right-hand side of the document. 18
 - A. Okav.
- 20 Do you see the words "Burke's response"? Q.
 - A.
- 22 And after that, there is a statement O.
- 23 without any quotation marks that reads, Hanauer
 - opposed the Provident takeover because he wanted

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Oak Hills to remain independent; is that correct?

MR. BURKE: That that's what it says?

A. That's what it says here.

4 Is that true? Q.

5 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 6 speculation; incomplete and erroneous quote; 7 assumes facts not in evidence. You may

8 answer.

9 I have no idea whether that's true.

It's printed in the newspaper. That doesn't mean 10

to me that it's true at all. I mean, come on. 11

Q. If that's true --

13 I'm not going to speculate on if that's A.

14 true. Okav?

15 Mr. Carey, you're going to answer my Q. questions. 16

- No, I'm not going to -- I'm not going to speculate on if that's true.
- Mr. Carey, I have the right to ask you 19 to accept certain things as true; and if it's not 20
- true Mr. Burke and other counsel have various 21
- 22 options. And he can object and say it's an
- 23 improper hypothetical. I'm entitled to answers to
 - my questions, and I'm going to get them.

he believed it was in the best interest of OHSL shareholders, but because he just gave up?

MR. BURKE: Objection. You know what? You're asking him to have opinions that call for speculation. He does not have to answer those questions if he doesn't have those opinions you're requesting.

Objection. Calls for speculation. You may answer, if you know.

- A. I don't want to speculate on what Ken 10 Hanover[sic] is saying or thinking. I'm not 11 12 qualified to.
- 13 Can I have that document back? Q.
- 14 A. Sure.
- 15 I think it's in your pile somewhere. Is 16 there anything in Defendants' Exhibit 1 that says
- that the entire OHSL board did not believe that the 17
- 18 merger with Provident was in the best interest of 19
- OHSL shareholders?
- 20 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 21 speculation.
- 22 A. I don't know.
- 23 Q. Do you think that's material
- 24 information?

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MR. BURKE: Mr. Brautigam, you're not entitled to ask him for opinions he doesn't have. It's that simple.

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You can ask him to speculate, but he doesn't have to if he doesn't have opinions on these myriad of hypotheticals that you like to raise. So you're not necessarily entitled to a question or to an answer if he doesn't have

Q. Mr. Carey, if Mr. Hanauer opposed the Provident takeover because he wanted Oak Hills to remain independent, do you believe, as a fair man, that that information should have been included in Defendants' Exhibit 1?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation; assumes facts not in evidence.

17 A. I don't -- I can answer that one. All 18 right? If that were the case, I have no idea 19 whether that should be included in there. And as a 20 fair man, I don't know whether that should be 21 included in there.

Q. Under what circumstances do you believe
 that it would be fair to have the CEO -- the
 largest shareholder and the only member of

Q. Why do you think that?

A. Well, I'm sorry. I guess you're right.
They could be different. But typically, if you do
a merger transaction and it's fair, that's in the
best interest of the shareholders. Why would you
sell it if it wasn't?

Q. Because you just gave up?
MR. BURKE: Objection to form.

A. Yeah, I guess so, but I'm not sure people give up that easily.

Q. Would you turn to the last couple of pages of Defendants' Exhibit 1. It's the fairness opinion, Annex C. What's a fairness opinion? A. It's an opinion that an investment

A. It's an opinion that an investment advisor typically provides to the shareholders of the firm that's being acquired stating that the valuation is appropriate.

18 Q. And the opinion is limited specifically 19 to the fairness from a financial point of view of 20 the transaction, correct?

MR. BURKE: Objection.

A. I believe so. Is that right? Yeah.
I'm not an expert on fairness opinions, but I think
it's -- I'm not really sure. I would have to say

Page 167

management on OHSL's board -- say one thing and believe another?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation; vague; form.

A. I think the circumstances are where he thought the transaction was fair, but -- which he obviously did because he voted for it. He may not have wanted the company to be sold for his own personal reasons, but he obviously thought the transaction was fair or he wouldn't have voted his shares. He wouldn't have voted as a board member for it.

Q. Mr. Carey, do you believe that the concept of the transaction being fair and the concept of the transaction being in the best interest of shareholders are separate and distinct?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation; vague.

19 A. I don't know how to make the -- what are 20 you saying? Are they the same?

Q. Are they distinct.

MR. BURKE: Same objection.

A. I think they are very much aligned, fair and in the best interest of the shareholders.

actually, as I take a minute, whether it's just

2 limited to that or not, I don't know.

Q. Okay. Mr. Carey, did you read this fairness opinion before today?

A. I probably read this fairness opinion when it was written five years ago.

Q. Okay. And you're familiar with the
 fairness opinion, among other things, because the
 Provident-National City has one from UBS?

A. Um-hum.

11 Q. UBS, I guess?

A. UBS, yeah.

Q. And would you just skim page 3 of the fairness opinion, please, particularly the last paragraph that goes over to the fourth page.

MR. BURKE: I'd suggest the witness review the whole document --

MR. BRAUTIGAM: Certainly.

MR. BURKE: -- at least those two pages just so he can put everything in context.

MR. BRAUTIGAM: Certainly.

22 (Off-the-record discussion.)

23 BY MR. BRAUTIGAM:

Q. I want to focus in on this sentence.

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Page 168

43 (Pages 166 to 169)

It's a long sentence, so bear with me.

- Okay.
- 0. I'll read it into the record --
- A.

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-- and then we'll go back and deal with Q. the components.

6 7 In addition, our opinion is, in any event limited to the fairness as of the date hereof 8 9 from a financial point of view of the exchange ratio to the holders of OHSL common shares and does 10 not address the underlying business decision by 11 OHSL's board of directors to affect the merger; 12

- does not compare or discuss the relative merits of 13 any competing proposal, or any other terms of the
- 15 merger; and does not constitute a recommendation to
- any OHSL shareholder as to how such shareholder
- should vote with respect to the merger. Do you see 17 18
- 19 A. Yes, I do.
- 20 Q. Did I read it correctly?
- Yes, I believe you did. 21
- What does it mean to be fair from a 22 Q.
- financial point of view? 23
 - MR. BURKE: Objection. No foundation;

Do you believe that the response in 1

- 2 Plaintiffs' Exhibit 1 that's attributed, without
- 3 quotation marks, to Mr. Burke embraces two 4
- concepts: The first concept being Mr. Hanauer opposed the transaction, and the second concept 5

Page 172

Page 173

being that he believed the transaction was fair? 6 7

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation; assumes facts not in evidence 8 9 based upon inaccurate statements. You may 10 answer.

- A. I don't want to try to interpret the 12 newspaper article here. It is what it is. Why do you want my opinion on what's in the newspaper? I 13 have no idea whether it's accurate. Why are 14 calling me in here to ask me what I think a newspaper article reads? 16
- 17 Q. Mr. Carey, this is the way the deposition process works. I'm entitled to your 18 19 opinion on these questions.

MR. BURKE: Objection. It's not accurate. The witness may answer to the best of his ability if he has an answer and should. Calls for speculation.

I think you should be able to interpret

Page 171

calls for speculation. You may answer.

- Well, I mean, I think it's the pricing based on market pricings for similar transactions is appropriate.
- Q. And do you agree with me that being fair from a financial point of view is a separate and distinct concept from being in the best interest of OHSL shareholders?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation; vague.

- A. I don't know if I would agree with your 11 question there. I think if it's fair from a 12 financial standpoint, I'm not sure why that would 13 14 be separate from being in the best interest of the shareholders. I mean, it's a publicly-traded 15
- 16 common stock. Well, suppose I want to buy your car and 17 Q. it's worth \$20,000. Are there circumstances where 18 even if \$20,000 is a fair price, it's not in your 19

20 best interest at this time to sell me your car?

21 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 22 speculation; relevance.

23 A. I don't know the answer to that 24 question. My car?

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that comment as well as I am.

2 Q. Respectfully, that's not an acceptable answer. The purpose of the deposition is to get 3 your interpretation of documents, your thought 4 5 process --

6 It's a newspaper article. A.

- -- your views. Excuse me? Q.
- 8 It's a newspaper article.
- 9 Q. I understand what it is.

10 MR. BURKE: Your question is does he 11 have --12

MR. BRAUTIGAM: I want the question read back. I lost my train of thought.

(The question was read back.) 14 15 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 16 speculation; form; vague.

A. I'm thinking. There's no time, right? 17 Are there two different concepts in the highlighted 18 version? Is that what you're kind of saying? 19

20 O. In any version.

MR. BURKE: Objection to form; vague; 21 22 calls for speculation.

A. I don't know what you mean by the 23 question, really. I don't -- really, it doesn't

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seem to make sense to me.

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Q. Mr. Carey, do you believe that the concept of a transaction being fair and the concept of a transaction being in the best interest of shareholders are the same?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and answered.

8 A. Yeah, I think I said if it's fair and 9 it's a financial transaction like this, that it 10 typically is in the best interest of the 11 shareholders.

Q. Do you believe that in this case, if the transaction was fair, that it inevitably follows that the transaction was in the best interest of OHSL shareholders?

OHSL shareholders?

A. Yeah, yeah, I believe that.

17 Q. Why do you believe that?

18 A. Because it's an inanimate object here.

19 This is a financial transaction. This is a

20 publicly-held company. They said the price was

21 fair that's being paid for it. So that's that.

22 It's really kind of a -- I don't know. Am I

23 missing something there?

Q. And because the price is fair, it

1 investment banking firm, correct?

A. I guess so. I mean, that's probably right. I wouldn't swear to that, but they're an

Page 176

Page 177

investment, slash, advisor investment banker.
 O. And McDonald Investments is not an

5 Q. And McDonald Investments is not an 6 auditing firm, correct?

A. Correct. Not that I'm aware of.

Q. And they're not qualified to do audits

9 as far as you know, correct?

10 A. I wouldn't know whether they're

11 qualified to do audits or not.

12 Q. And you don't know if investment banking 13 firms in general are qualified to do audits?

14 A. What kind of audits?

15 Q. Any kind of audits. Audits of public

16 companies.

17 A. I think they probably have some18 qualifications to do some kinds of audits. I don't

19 think they're going to give opinions on companies,

20 but --

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21 Q. Can you name --

22 A. -- they do due diligence. That's pretty

23 significant typically.24 O. Is due diliger

Q. Is due diligence the same as an audit?

Page 175

automatically follows that the transaction --

A. Typically, I said.

Q. - is in the best interest -- okay.

4 Well, I'm asking specifically in this case.

Because the --

A. To the best of my knowledge, yeah, I believe it was a fair transaction, and of course,

8 it would be in the best interest of the

9 shareholders.

10 Q. Okay. You understand that the fairness opinion does not constitute a recommendation as to

12 how shareholders should vote, correct?

13 A. I think it just relates to the financial

14 fairness of the exchange ratio as I reread it here,

15 but...

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16 Q. And the fairness opinion, both in

17 general and specifically, does not compare or

18 discuss the relative merits of any competing

19 proposal, correct?

A. That's correct.

21 Q. Okay. Now, what type of an entity

22 typically provides a fairness opinion?

23 A. Investment banks; investment advisors.

Q. And McDonald Investments is an

A. It can be.

Q. In what circumstance can it be?

MR. BURKE: Objection.

4 A. They can go through it and look at a

complete loan -- set of loan files to determine whether the credit quality is reasonable.

6 whether the credit quality is reasonable.
7 Q. That's very different from what an audit

8 is, correct?

9 A. It's more work than an audit.

Q. Right. An audit is sampling, right?

11 A. Right.12 O. Scient

Q. Scientifically documented, correct?

13 A. Um-hum.

MR. BURKE: Objection to form.

15 Q. Yes?

16 A. I don't know about scientifically, but

17 an audit is different than that.

18 Q. What is due diligence?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Relevance.

20 A. For what?

Q. In the merger and acquisition context.

22 A. Well, who is doing the due diligence?

23 Q. Well, did Provident perform due

diligence with respect to the OHSL-Provident

45 (Pages 174 to 177)

		Page 178		
	1	merger?	1	would have been thinking about.
3	} 2	A. Yes.	2	Q. Well, you read the fairne
Ί	[*] 3	Q. What did they do?	3	letter, correct?
1	4	A. We would have reviewed their financial	4	A. Um-hum.
1	5	statements, their loan files, their general ledger	5	Q. In 1999, correct?
1	6	accounts. I mean, you know, it's pretty broad.	6	A. Um-hum.
1	7	Q. Okay. With respect to the review of the	7	Q. And it specifically says,
١	8	OHSL financial statements, did Provident do an	8	page, little 2, that McDonald Inve
١	9	audit of them?	9	on behalf of OHSL, reviewed PF
١	10	A. No, we did not.	10	to shareholders and annual report
١	11	Q. Did Provident direct that any entity do	11	each of the years ending Decemb
	12	an audit of OHSL's financial statements as part of	12	December 31st, 1997, and Decem
l	13	their due diligence?	13	including the audited financial sta
	14	A. No, I think they were already audited by	14	contained therein and PFGI's qua
l	15	somebody, so we didn't do an audit, but we did a	15	Form 10Q for the quarters ending
l	16	lot of work.	16	and June 30th, 1999; correct?
ļ	17	Q. Okay. You know they were audited by	17	MR. BURKE: The first pa
ı	18	somebody because they were	18	statement does not appear in th
	19	A. Yeah.	19	least as you read it. It starts wi
l	20	Q a publicly-traded company	20	review, two small i's does. It d
l	21	A. Right.	21	anything about acting as OHSI
ł	22	Q correct?	22	However you prefaced that star
1	23	A. Right.	23	not appear in this document as
	24	Q. And the auditing firm is Crowe Chizek,	24	MR. BRAUTIGAM: It ce
ŀ				

1	would have been unliking about.
2	Q. Well, you read the fairness opinion
3	letter, correct?
4 5	A. Um-hum.
	Q. In 1999, correct?
6	A. Um-hum.
7	Q. And it specifically says, on the second
8	page, little 2, that McDonald Investments, acting
9	on behalf of OHSL, reviewed PFGI's annual reports
10	to shareholders and annual reports on Form 10K for
11	each of the years ending December 31st, 1998,
12	December 31st, 1997, and December 31st, 1996,
13	including the audited financial statements
14	contained therein and PFGI's quarterly reports on
15	Form 10Q for the quarters ending March 31st, 1999,
16	and June 30th, 1999; correct?
17	MR. BURKE: The first part of that
18	statement does not appear in this document, at
19	least as you read it. It starts with the word
20	review, two small i's does. It doesn't say
21	anything about acting as OHSL's advisor.
22	However you prefaced that statement, that does
23	not appear in this document as you've read it.
24	MR. BRAUTIGAM: It certainly does. It's

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correct? That's right. Well, I don't know. I 2 don't remember the name of the firm, but it could have been Crowe Chizek. Whatever the firm name was, you relied 6 on OHSL's audited financial statements as part of your due diligence, correct? Partly, but I think there was a bigger emphasis on the due diligence. 10 I didn't mean to say exclusively, but you definitely relied on Oak Hills' audited 11 12 financial statements, correct? 13 MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and 14 answered. You may answer again. 15 Yeah, I don't know if I would use the word rely, but we can use the word rely if you 16 17 want. 18 And it was your expectation that OHSL 19 would similarly rely on Provident's audited 20 financial statements, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for

A. I didn't have a particular expectation

as to what they were doing. That's not what I

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speculation.

2 financial advisor in connection with -- etc. 3 MR. BURKE: Go back and read the 4 beginning of that question. 5 (The question was read back.) 6 MR. BURKE: That does not appear there. 7 That's my problem. 8 MR. BRAUTIGAM: Let me clear this up. 9 MR. BURKE: I object. 10 MR. BRAUTIGAM: I provided some 11 background that appears in the first paragraph on page 2, and then I read small 2. 12 13 MR. BURKE: But what you said does not 14 appear on page 2 either. 15 MR. BRAUTIGAM: It does appear on page 16 2. Look at the first line. MR. BURKE: You said, Acting on behalf 17 18 of OHSL. 19 MR. BRAUTIGAM: We have acted as OHSL's 20 financial advisor in connection with... 21 MR. BURKE: Right. That's different. MR. BRAUTIGAM: The substance is the 22 23 same. 24

right at the top. We have acted as OHSL's

Page 179

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BY MR. BRAUTIGAM:

- Q. Mr. Carey, my question was, it was your expectation in 1999 that McDonald would read and rely on these documents, correct?
- MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation.
- For what? For the fairness opinion? A.
- 8 Q. Yes.

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- 9 A. No, that wasn't my expectation.
- What was your expectation with respect 10
- to these documents that are referred to at small 2 11
- on page 2 of the fairness opinion? 12
- That they would read these documents; 13
- 14 but more importantly, their job is to prepare a
- fairness opinion, which is really more of a 15
- financial market calculation as to the right price 16
- 17 to pay for the company.
- And that price is based on the accuracy 18
- 19 and completeness of Provident's financial
- 20 information, correct?
- MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 21
- 22 speculation.
- 23 A. Not necessarily.
- 24 What do you --

- that's attached to Plaintiffs' Exhibit 45.
- 2 Is that something I have out already or 3 is that...
- 4 Yeah. It's right there. Just keep that 5 open. Now, you said you're not going to comment with respect to year-end December 31st, 1996. Is 6

Page 184

Page 185

- 7 that your testimony?
- 8 Well, I don't know the numbers for 1996. A.
- 9 But you know they were wrong, correct? 10 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for
- speculation. You may answer. 11
- A. I know that there was -- there was -- if 12 you go back to '94, there was some discrepancy
- 13 14 there. I don't know the specific years once you go
- 15 past '97 because that's where we stopped doing the
- restatement for SEC filing purposes. 16
- Knowing what we now know, would the 17 numbers for year-end 1996 that McDonald relied on 18
- in forming their fairness opinion be different? 19 20 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for
- 21
- I don't know if they'd be different for 22 Α.
- 23 1996. 24

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Q. Okay. Do you agree that we now know

Page 183

- It's more of a forward earnings look.
- It's usually valued-based on forward earnings, and
- the forward earnings aren't included in the
- financial statements. It's not that often that 4
- 5 anyone values something on historical data.
- Q. Okay. Let me go at this a certain way. 6
- Look at small 2 on page 3. 7
- 8 A. Yeah.
- 9 And we now know that the information
- that Provident provided with respect to its 10
- financial statements for year-end December 31st, 11
- 1996, was incorrect, right? 12
- 13 MR. BURKE: Objection.
- Again, I'm not going to comment on the 14
- 15 specific years, but there's a time period there
- where clearly there was some data that was
- incorrect. I don't know that that necessarily 17
- 18 would have affected materially the forward earnings
- 19 forecast that one would have used to value the 20
- Q. Mr. Carey, my question is a little 21
- 22 different.
- 23 A. Okay.
- 24 Would you turn to the press release

- that the numbers that McDonald Investments relied
- on for December 31st, 1997, were wrong?
 - MR. BURKE: Same objection.
- 4 Α. They're different.
 - Does that mean they're wrong? Q.
- Yeah. I'd say they're wrong, yeah. 6 A.
- Okay. We now know that the numbers that 7
- 8 McDonald Investments relied on for year-end 1998
- 9 were wrong, correct?
 - A. Um-hum.
- 11 And you're not sure about the quarterly
- numbers from March 31st, '99, and June 30th, '99, 12
- 13 correct?
 - A. Right.
- 15 If Provident knew in 1999 what it now
- knows, would the numbers be different as they
- appear in Defendants' Exhibit 1? 17
- 18 MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and 19 answered.
- 20 Yeah, I already answered that question.
- 21 It would be different, of course. That's what this
- 22 document says.
- Q. Okay. Would you turn the page for a 23
 - moment, and would you look at the first full

47 (Pages 182 to 185)

	Page 186		Page 188
1	paragraph. We're talking on the fairness opinion.	1	Q. Yes?
$\sqrt{2}$	A. (Examining document.)	2	A. Typically.
3	MR. BURKE: Third page?	3	Q. Are you familiar with something known as
4	MR. BRAUTIGAM: Yes.	4	a materiality threshold?
5	BY MR. BRAUTIGAM:	5	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague.
6	Q. Would you just read that paragraph to	6	A. That specific term? Threshold? I don't
7	yourself, please.	7	know if I have a I'm familiar with the term in
8	A. Is that the paragraph that starts with,	8	concept of materiality, but it's
ğ	This opinion?	9	Q. Are you familiar with the concept of
10	Q. In our review.	10	materiality threshold where transactions above a
11	A. Okay. (Examining document.) Okay.	11	certain number are prohibited in the context of
12	Q. Now, the first sentence is a long	12	mergers and acquisitions?
13	sentence, but I'm going to read it; and then we'll	13	MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague;
14	go back and look at the components, so just bear	14	overbroad; calls for speculation.
15	with me.	15	A. I'm not sure I understand the question.
16	A. Okay.	16	Q. Are you familiar with the term "material
17	Q. In our review and analysis and in	17	adverse event"?
18	arriving in our opinion, we have assumed and relied	18	MR. BURKE: Objection.
19	upon the accuracy and completeness of all the	19	A. Yes, I am.
20	financial and other information reviewed by us and	20	Q. What is a material adverse event?
21	have relied upon the accuracy and completeness of	21	MR. BURKE: Objection. Speculation;
22	the representations, warranties, and covenants of	22	vague.
23	OHSL and PFGI contained in the agreement.	23	A. Relative to what?
24	Did I read that correctly?	24	Q. As it's used in merger transactions
			Q: 110 110 100 100 111 111 111 111 111 11
			<u> </u>
<u> </u>	Page 187		Page 189
) 1	Page 187 A. Yes, you did.	1	Page 189 generally.
) 1 2	Page 187 A. Yes, you did. Q. The information that Provident provided		Page 189 generally. MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague.
) 1	Page 187 A. Yes, you did. Q. The information that Provident provided with respect to its financial statements was not	1	Page 189 generally. MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague. A. I don't know if I can speak to all
) 1 2 3 4	Page 187 A. Yes, you did. Q. The information that Provident provided with respect to its financial statements was not accurate, correct?	1 2 3 4	Page 189 generally. MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague. A. I don't know if I can speak to all merger transactions. I mean
) 1 2 3 4 5	Page 187 A. Yes, you did. Q. The information that Provident provided with respect to its financial statements was not accurate, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for	1 2 3	Page 189 generally. MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague. A. I don't know if I can speak to all merger transactions. I mean Q. Are you familiar with the term "material
) 1 2 3 4 5 6	A. Yes, you did. Q. The information that Provident provided with respect to its financial statements was not accurate, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation. You may answer.	1 2 3 4 5 6	Page 189 generally. MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague. A. I don't know if I can speak to all merger transactions. I mean Q. Are you familiar with the term "material adverse effect" as it was used with respect to the
) 1 2 3 4 5	A. Yes, you did. Q. The information that Provident provided with respect to its financial statements was not accurate, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation. You may answer. A. Yeah, it was not accurate.	1 2 3 4 5	generally. MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague. A. I don't know if I can speak to all merger transactions. I mean Q. Are you familiar with the term "material adverse effect" as it was used with respect to the OHSL-Provident merger?
) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. Yes, you did. Q. The information that Provident provided with respect to its financial statements was not accurate, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation. You may answer. A. Yeah, it was not accurate. Q. And it was not complete, correct?	1 2 3 4 5 6	Page 189 generally. MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague. A. I don't know if I can speak to all merger transactions. I mean Q. Are you familiar with the term "material adverse effect" as it was used with respect to the OHSL-Provident merger? A. Not I don't I mean, I don't
) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. Yes, you did. Q. The information that Provident provided with respect to its financial statements was not accurate, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation. You may answer. A. Yeah, it was not accurate. Q. And it was not complete, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	generally. MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague. A. I don't know if I can speak to all merger transactions. I mean Q. Are you familiar with the term "material adverse effect" as it was used with respect to the OHSL-Provident merger? A. Not I don't I mean, I don't remember it now.
) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. Yes, you did. Q. The information that Provident provided with respect to its financial statements was not accurate, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation. You may answer. A. Yeah, it was not accurate. Q. And it was not complete, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. A. I think there's a difference. I don't	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	generally. MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague. A. I don't know if I can speak to all merger transactions. I mean Q. Are you familiar with the term "material adverse effect" as it was used with respect to the OHSL-Provident merger? A. Not I don't I mean, I don't remember it now. Q. Okay. What does that concept embrace,
) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	A. Yes, you did. Q. The information that Provident provided with respect to its financial statements was not accurate, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation. You may answer. A. Yeah, it was not accurate. Q. And it was not complete, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. A. I think there's a difference. I don't know what you mean by you're differentiating	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	generally. MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague. A. I don't know if I can speak to all merger transactions. I mean Q. Are you familiar with the term "material adverse effect" as it was used with respect to the OHSL-Provident merger? A. Not I don't I mean, I don't remember it now. Q. Okay. What does that concept embrace, material adverse effect?
) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A. Yes, you did. Q. The information that Provident provided with respect to its financial statements was not accurate, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation. You may answer. A. Yeah, it was not accurate. Q. And it was not complete, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. A. I think there's a difference. I don't know what you mean by you're differentiating between complete and accurate?	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	generally. MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague. A. I don't know if I can speak to all merger transactions. I mean Q. Are you familiar with the term "material adverse effect" as it was used with respect to the OHSL-Provident merger? A. Not I don't I mean, I don't remember it now. Q. Okay. What does that concept embrace, material adverse effect? A. If there's a material adverse effect, it
) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	A. Yes, you did. Q. The information that Provident provided with respect to its financial statements was not accurate, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation. You may answer. A. Yeah, it was not accurate. Q. And it was not complete, correct? MR. BURKE: Objection. A. I think there's a difference. I don't know what you mean by you're differentiating between complete and accurate? Q. As it's used here.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	generally. MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague. A. I don't know if I can speak to all merger transactions. I mean Q. Are you familiar with the term "material adverse effect" as it was used with respect to the OHSL-Provident merger? A. Not I don't I mean, I don't remember it now. Q. Okay. What does that concept embrace, material adverse effect? A. If there's a material adverse effect, it gives you an opportunity to not do the transaction
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with Provident?

MR. BRAUTIGAM: Right.

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Um-hum.

MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague.

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- I don't know. I wouldn't want to put a bright line on it.
 - Typically, where you have a material adverse effect included in the merger agreement, there is a bright line on it. There's a number of scientific --
 - A. I don't know if there always is --MR. BURKE: Objection.
- 9 -- but there are at times, clearly.
- 10 I said typically.
- Yeah, I think typically there is. 11
- And there was in this case, correct? 12 MR. BURKE: Objection. 13
- I believe there was. 14
- 15 And that number was \$25,000, correct? Q.
- Well, I understand only recently that 16
- the number was 25,000, but I think that number was 17
- in there as a mistake and wasn't meant to be 18
- 19 25,000.

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- 20 Well, you understood that at the time, Q.
- 21 correct?
- 22 A. No.
- 23 MR. BURKE: Understood what at the
- 24 time?

Q. And you didn't catch that there was a 1

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- 2 mistake, if there is a mistake? 3 Believe me, I don't want you to think I
- 4 could catch every mistake in a document. It's a 5 big document.
- 6 O. A lot of people looked at it, right?
 - Right. I think it was a mistake. A.
- 8 That's all I can say about it.
- 9 Okav.
- 10 It doesn't make any sense. I'm sure, if A.
- you looked at other transactions, you wouldn't see 11
- something that low. 12
- What's the number for the material 13 adverse effect with respect to the Provident-14
- National City merger? 15
 - A. I don't remember.
 - A million dollars? Q,
- I don't remember what the number is. I 18
- don't think it's a million dollars, but I don't 19
- 20 know. Tell me what it is if you have it there.
- 21 Show it to me.
- Q. I think it's a million dollars. 22
- 23 A. That seems...
 - Do you want to turn to page A-40 of the

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- Q. You understood that the number was 25,000? 2
- 3 A. No, I would have assumed the number 4 would have been much larger than that for a
- transaction that size.
- 6 Why? Q.
- 7 Because that's too small a number. That
- number doesn't make any sense. I think that 8
- number's a typo. 9
- What do you think the number should have 10 Q.
- been? 11
- MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 12
- speculation. 13
- A. I don't know. I don't know. I don't 14
- 15 know what the number should have been, but I think
- that would be -- if you looked at transactions this
- size, you wouldn't find any that were remotely that 17
- low. That would be my guess. 18
- 19 Q. Well, you signed the merger agreement, 20 correct?
- 21 A. I don't know if I signed it or Bob
- signed it. I can't remember who signed it. I
- might have. I can't remember. One of us two did. 23
- 24 I read it.

- proxy, please. 1 2
 - Um-hum. That's not the proxy there. A.
 - Q. A-40.
- 4 A.
 - Does that refresh your recollection as Q.
- to who signed --6 7
 - Yeah. A.
- 8 -- the merger? Q.
- 9 I signed it. I said I could have signed
- 10 it. I just didn't remember. I sign a lot of
- documents. 11
- And you read them before you sign them, 12 Q.
- 13 correct?
 - Yeah, yeah. I see them. A.
- Was this an important document? 15 Q.
- Um-hum. 16 A.
 - And did you read it thoroughly? Q.
- 18 A. Yes. I did.
- 19 Q. Approximately how much time did you
- devote to reading the document before you --20
- 21 I don't recall how much, but it was
- 22 significant.
- Q. -- before you signed it? 23
- Yeah. It was significant. 24

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You testified that the \$25,000 number makes no sense. What did you mean by that?

A. It seems low. It seems like it would be a low number.

Q. As you sit here today, are you absolutely sure that it's a mistake?

A. My best judgment would be that is a mistake. Absolutely, my best judgment is that number's a mistake.

Q. Even if it is a mistake, do you believe that the parties are bound by that agreement?

MR. BURKE: Objection.

A. That's a legal question. MR. BURKE: Legal conclusion.

15 Ask the legal guys.

Well, I'm asking you. What do you 16 Q. believe? 17

A. I think if it's a mistake in there, no, 18 you wouldn't be bound by it. 19

20 Q. Why not?

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21 It's a legal thing. I'm going to A.

withdraw that from the record. I would say I would 22

defer to legal counsel on it, if there's a mistake 23

in the document are you bound by it or not, if

I mean, the aggregate numbers in '98 and 1

'97 based on what's here are greater than 25,000. 2

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Page 197

3 Okay. Q.

I think you know the answer to that 4 A. 5 question.

6 O. And what does that mean for --

I don't know what it means. A.

-- the material adverse effect? 8 Q.

9 I don't know because I think that was a A. -- I think that number in there was a mistake to 10

begin with, and it doesn't mean anything. 11

12 It doesn't mean anyone has to act on it. You don't take an action just because there's 13 a material adverse change. It gives you an 14

opportunity to take one if you choose. Not 15

everybody always does. 16

Q. But in this case, no one knew that 17 something that could be defined as a material 18 adverse effect had happened in 1999, correct? 19

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation as to what happened in 1999. You may answer.

Would you repeat the question? A.

We don't know what the OHSL board would

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everyone agreed it was a mistake. I can't answer whether you would be bound by it or not.

Q. When did you come to believe that this \$25,000 figure was a mistake?

Recently, I learned there was a \$25,000 number in there, and I assumed that number was a mistake because it seemed too low.

So you didn't know about this in 1999, Q. correct?

A. No. No. I don't recall. I mean...

Do you believe that Provident's 11

restatements, had they been known in 1999, would 12 meet the definition of a material adverse effect 13 with the \$25,000 figure? 14

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 15 speculation. 16

17 A. I wouldn't want to speculate on what that would mean. There are different amounts for 18 19 different periods, so I wouldn't speculate on that.

20 Q. Are at least some of the numbers greater 21 than \$25,000?

22 MR. BURKE: Objection. What numbers?

The different numbers. 23 24

MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague.

have done in 1999 because what could be defined as

2 a material adverse event was only discovered in

3 2003, correct?

4 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation. 5

6 I'm not going to speculate on what those 7 guys would have done.

O. I'm not asking you to. 8

Well, if you're stating factual 9

information, just state it for the record and let 10

11 it be on the record. Why do you need my agreement

if it's factual? 12

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MR. BRAUTIGAM: Kelly, would you kindly 13 read the question back, please. 14

(The question was read back.)

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for

speculation. There's a number of 17 hypotheticals built into that. 18

A. I gave my answer to that one already, so you can let that stand.

Mr. Carey, respectfully, your answer 21

didn't have anything to do with the question. 22

23 A. I said I wasn't going to speculate on your factual hypothetical statements, so I'm not

50 (Pages 194 to 197)

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going to. Q. Mr. Carey, do you understand that it's appropriate for me to ask you hypothetical questions at points?

A. Some of these hypothetical questions don't seem appropriate to me.

Which ones? Q.

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These if/then things that make little A. sense to me.

10 And you think they're inappropriate 11 because you don't understand the question; is that 12

No, because I don't know why it's relevant that I answer a hypothetical scenario. 14

Well, Mr. Carey, with all due respect, it's not your job to make relevance determinations. It's your job to sit here and answer my questions truthfully to the best of your ability.

If Mr. Burke doesn't like my question, he can object; he can walk out of the deposition; he has his options. But your job is to answer my questions today to the best your ability. Do you understand that?

MR. BURKE: We've had this speech about

Q. Now, what do you understand about the 2 litigation that brings us here today?

3 MR. BURKE: Objection. Vague. You may 4 answer.

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Α. What do I understand about the litigation that brings us here today? I'm trying to see if I can summarize that, Mike.

You guys are suing Provident in attempts to get some money from us. That's the general sense I have. Your law firm in particular is suing us to try to get a fee. That's my sense of it.

And who are the plaintiffs?

13 Well, you're representing some very small shareholders, as I understand. 14

Who are the defendants? Q.

16 A. The named defendants are... I'd have to guess. I think it might be the board members at 17 both Oak Hills and Provident and myself. I think 18

19 I'm a defendant.

20 Why do you think you're a defendant? Q.

A. Because I'm the CFO of the company.

22 Q. And what are Plaintiffs alleging, if you 23 know?

Well, I think the original case was that A.

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four times. He understands that. The only caveat I add to it, Mike, is he's got to have an answer. That's all.

MR. BRAUTIGAM: Well, when he says I'm not going to answer the question or I'm not going to speculate or I have no comment, those are not answers.

That's not acceptable, and I'm going to go to court, if necessary, to force you to answer my questions truthfully and completely.

MR. BURKE: I think you and the witness are saying the same things, but it's just like two ships passing in the night.

He is saying he can't answer, and that's what he's saying. "I'm not going to speculate" means I can't answer. Maybe we're just misunderstanding each other's definitions.

19 BY MR. BRAUTIGAM:

20 Mr. Carey, if you can't answer my question, just say, I can't answer the question --21

22 A. Okay.

> -- and then I'll ask why. Q.

MR. BURKE: That's fair. That's fair.

-- I didn't fully understand it. There's a lot of

2 things going on in our company, but I think it had 3 to do with the fact that Ken Hanover[sic] didn't

4 vote his shares.

So there was some belief that that was the problem. I didn't fully understand why just 6 7 because Ken Hanover[sic] didn't vote his shares that was the problem, so I'd have to tell you I 8 didn't spend too much time on it. 10

What documents, if any, have you read related to the litigation?

12 I've probably been given a couple of the -- you know, the -- what do you call the -- the 13 plaintiff -- the lawsuit or whatever it is. It's a 14 15 legal looking document.

I can't say that I -- I mean, I've

17 skimmed through it, the complaint against our company and/or who's ever else is involved, but I 18 haven't read it word for word. I mean, I've read

19 20 more a summary probably from our legal counsel that

21 this is what's going on; here's the issue.

And do you believe that your interests 22 23 as a defendant are exactly aligned with the

24 interests of the OHSL directors?

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MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for legal 2 conclusion.

- I don't know the answer to that, whether my interests are aligned to theirs or not.
- Q. Did you ever consider that?
- I'm not sure I've considered whether my 6 7 interests are aligned to theirs.
- Are you familiar with the phrase 8 "conflict of interest"? 9
- 10 A. Um-hum.
- What is your understanding of the phrase 11 "conflict of interest"?
- 12 MR. BURKE: Objection to the extent it 13
- calls for a legal conclusion. 14
- It seems self-explanatory to me, Mike, 15 what a conflict of interest is. You have two 16 people, and there's a conflict between their 17
- different interests. 18
- Do you believe that that situation 19
- 20 exists with respect to the representation in this
- 21 litigation?
- 22 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for legal
- 23 conclusion.
- A. I don't know if I even understand the

- counsel. They're responsible for that. I have no
 - idea how it worked. 2
 - 3 Q. Who is your counsel?
 - MR. BURKE: Internal?
 - Q. No. Who is your counsel representing
 - you as a defendant in this litigation? 6 7
 - A. I believe it's a firm that's up in
 - Dayton, and I don't remember the name of the firm. 8
 - Okay. Did you select them to be your 9 Q. 10 counsel?
 - A. I didn't select them, but our internal 11
 - legal counsel selected them and we accepted it.
 - 13 They said, hey, we've got to use this firm, and I
 - said fine. 14
 - When you say "we," who are you referring 15 Q. to? 16
 - The company. I mean, I don't get 17
 - involved in selecting legal counsel. So they came 18
 - to us and said we were going to select this firm,
 - and that's their judgment, that's what they do, and 20
 - 21 I said okay.

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- 22 Q. You know Mr. Burke, right?
 - Α.
- What's his role here today? 24

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Page 205

Page 204

question. 1

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- Are you aware of the distinction between a conflict of interest and a potential conflict of 4 interest?
 - A. I think I understand what you just said.
- Okay. What's your understanding of 6 Q. 7 those?
- There's a difference between potential 8 and not having potential. One has no potential, 9
- 10 and I guess one has one. You said the difference
- between a conflict of interest and a potential 11
- conflict of interest? 12
- Right. Did you go out and hire counsel 13 to represent you in this litigation?
- 14 A. I didn't, but our company did. 15
- How did that process happen? 16
- You would have to ask our general 17
- counsel. I don't handle that. 18
- 19 O. Mark Whitaker?
- 20 MR. BURKE: That's a morphing of two
- 21 names.
- 22 Yeah. Jim Whitaker is our head --A.
- 23 Jim Whitaker. Q.
- 24 You'll have to ask our internal legal

- A. I don't know. It's a legal role. I 1
- don't know how I'd advise it -- how I'd explain it. 2
 - Who is Mr. Burke representing? Q.
- Why don't you ask Mr. Burke that. 4 A. 5
 - You don't know? O.
- Well, what I know is I think at one 6
- point in time he was representing our company, but 7
- because you guys -- I forget what you did, but we 8
- had to get another counsel because I think there 9
- was some perceived conflict of interest. 10
- Did you ever analyze that for yourself? 11 Q.
 - No, I didn't analyze that. A.
- Who's this gentleman on my right? 13
 - THE WITNESS: Why don't you introduce yourself.
 - MR. OEHLERS: Joe Oehlers.
- 17 He's the lawyer from the firm in Dayton 18 that's representing us.
- 19
 - Have you ever met Mr. Oehlers before Q. today?
- 21 I don't know. I don't think so. A.
- 22 You don't know who Mr. Oehlers
- represents, correct? 23
- 24 MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and

52 (Pages 202 to 205)

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answered.

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- 2 A. No, he represents the -- he represents, at our company, I believe, who's ever getting sued
- on the Provident side. I don't know. I guess
- we're also representing -- I guess he represents
- the OHSL board, Bob, and myself. Are those the people that are named defendants? 7
 - Are you familiar with the firm Graydon, Head & Ritchey?
- 10 I don't believe I am. I could be.
 - Do you know John Penny? Q.
- I don't think so. 12 A.
- 13 Do you know Mike Debbeler? Q.
- I don't believe so. 14 Α.
- Were you ever represented by the firm 15
- Graydon, Head & Ritchey? 16
- MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 17 18 speculation.
- A. I could have been. I don't know. We 19
- get sued by lots of different companies. 20
- Q. Were you ever represented in this 21 litigation by the firm of Graydon, Head & Ritchey? 22
- 23 I don't know. Ask our legal counsel. I
- don't know the answer to that. We could have been. 24

about whether or not under any circumstances that kind of information is going to be provided.

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- MR. BRAUTIGAM: Are you overriding the agreement that I have with Rachel and Jamie Greer?
- MR. BURKE: No. I'm not overriding anything. I want to inquire about it and see whether or not they agree, because frequently, there's some differences in opinion as to what you think an agreement is and what they think.

MR. BRAUTIGAM: It's in the transcript.

MR. BURKE: It may be. It may be. And if you want to pull the page, let me see, and I'll talk about it.

But for purposes of today, because that's sufficiently sensitive information -but I think I'm entitled, as you suggested, to go to the magistrate and talk about open issues. That's one of them.

MR. BRAUTIGAM: That's fair enough. MR. BURKE: Are you moving onto a

23 different subject?

MR. BRAUTIGAM: I have a couple more

Page 207

I don't know.

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- Mr. Carey, what's your date of birth? Q.
- 3 July 18, 1954. Α.
- What's your Social Security number? 4

MR. BURKE: Instruct the witness not to answer. We've talked about this.

- I'm not going to give you my Social Security number. Christ, there's all sorts of identity theft going on out there.
 - What's your net worth? Q.

MR. BURKE: Objection. Instruct the witness not to answer. We've already talked about this, Mike.

MR. BRAUTIGAM: Will you provide that information --

MR. BURKE: No, I'm not saying that we're necessarily going to provide it. Okay? What I need to do is -- Rachel just got back in town last Thursday.

I did not have a chance to talk to her about the so-called agreement you allege and even whether or not that's appropriate given the interest of these people.

But you and I will have that discussion 24

- questions on this. I can wrap it up in about 1 2 ten minutes.
- 3 BY MR. BRAUTIGAM:
- 4 O. Do you consider this deposition to be 5 important?
- 6 MR. BURKE: Objection to relevance; 7
- 8 A. I think any time there's litigation relative to our company and I'm asked to 9
- participate, it's important. 10
- O. What, if anything, did you do to prepare 11 for this deposition? 12
- 13 I met with Jim, and we had a brief meeting to talk about the case a little bit. 14
- Did you look at documents? 15 Ο.
- I think I looked at maybe one or two 16 A. 17 documents.
- 18 Q. What documents did you look at?
 - A little refresher on the press release,
- brief review of the merger agreement. It was not a 20 long meeting.
- 21
- Aside from anyone who's an attorney, 22
- 23 have you talked with other people about their
- 24 depositions in this case?

53 (Pages 206 to 209)

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No, I have not talked to anyone about their depositions on this case.

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- When did you first learn that you were to be deposed?
- I don't know. Three weeks ago. Some short period of time. I knew other people were being deposed, but I guess at one point in time I thought I wasn't going to be. So in the last month, at the most. That's as best as I can
- 10 recall. I don't know if that's significant or not, 11 but...
- 12 If OHSL provided inaccurate information Q. 13 that ended up in the proxy materials, would you 14 point the finger at them as part of your defense?
- Would you essentially say, Hey, we didn't have anything to do with this; we didn't know about 16 17 this?
- MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for 18 19 speculation.
- 20 A. I don't know what I would do in a 21 situation like that. I'm not aware that they did,
- 22 but I would have to -- there would have to be a lot 23 more context around that.
- Q. Was the resignation of Thomas Herron 24

- MR. BURKE: We went over this, I'm 1 2 pretty sure.
- 3 I don't remember. I really don't. I
- 4 don't know whether it was before or after. I know

Page 212

Page 213

- 5 at one point in time, I did learn that, but it
- could have been -- the time period I would tell you 6 7 could have been anywhere from before to years
- 8 after. I don't remember.
- 9 Okay. Let me represent to you that the 10 merger closed on December 3rd of 1999.
- 11
- 12 I'm going to try to bracket it by Q. specific events. 13
 - A. Yeah.
- Do you believe you learned Mr. Herron 15 Q, had resigned before or after the merger closed? 16
- MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and 17
- 18 answered. 19
 - I'll tell you I honestly do not A.
- 20 remember.

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- 21 Okay. Let me represent to you that the Q.
- 22 OHSL special meeting of shareholders was October
- 25th, 1999. Do you believe that you knew about 23
- that, Mr. Herron's resignation, before or after the 24

Page 211

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special meeting of shareholders? MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and

3 answered.

2

4 I don't remember. A.

5 Let me represent to you that the merger agreement was signed on August 2, 1999. Do you

6 believe that you learned Mr. Herron's resignation 7

8 was disclosed before or after the merger agreement 9

was signed on August 2nd, 1999?

10 MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and 11 answered.

- 12 A. I don't remember when I learned that
- 13 information.
- 14 Okay. Could you turn to page 20 of the 15 proxy materials. Actually, go back two pages. Go
- back to page 18. There's a section that starts on 16
- page 18 called the acquisition. Do you see that? 17
- 18 A.
- 19 Q. And the second subheading is background
- 20 of the acquisition. Do you see that?
- 21 Um-hum.
- 22 And it talks about at a special meeting
- 23 of the board of directors of OHSL held on August
 - 2nd, 1999, the OHSL board of directors determined

disclosed in the proxy materials?

MR. BURKE: Objection.

- 3 A. I don't believe it was disclosed.
- 4 O. Why not?

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- 5 MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for legal 6 conclusion.
- 7 I don't know why it wasn't disclosed, and I don't know whether it should have been or 8 9 shouldn't have been.
 - What factors would you need to consider in determining whether or not his resignation should be disclosed?

MR. BURKE: Same objection.

A. I don't know what the -- I don't know what the factors are that one should consider, because as we talked about it earlier, it's kind of an unusual event.

It's not something I have a lot of experience with, as I said earlier. And I would tell you that I would have -- if it came up as an issue, I would have talked to legal counsel about whether it was a disclosable item.

23 Q. When did you first learn that Mr. Herron 24 had resigned?

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Page 214

that the acquisition was advisable to and in the best interest of the OHSL stockholders. Do you see that?

A. Um-hum.

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What did the OHSL board consist of at Q. that time?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation.

A. I have no idea.

Okay. Do you think, as a general rule, that it's important that the shareholders of a public company have the right to know who their directors are at any given time?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation; calls for legal conclusion also, I believe.

16 They know who their shareholders are. 17 All they have to do is go look at the annual proxy 18

19 information.

20 Q. They're directors. You said

shareholders. 21

I'm sorry. 22 A.

You just got it backwards? 23 Q.

24 Sure.

the financial stuff right. Executive management, 1 you know, you could say overall. 2

Page 216

Page 217

I rely on legal counsel, in case you 3 don't know that, that they're doing their job, just 4 5 as they rely on what we do.

Which legal people and which financial people by name did you refer to in your previous answer?

Is this a test or do we want to just ask 9 Α. Kelly to give it back to us? 10

Q. By name.

I gave it by name last time. A.

MR. BURKE: Objection. Asked and 13 14 answered.

Mr. Carey, I'm not sure --15 Q.

Maybe I didn't. Maybe I can't remember 16 A. because it was already two hours ago. I thought 17

when you asked a similar question before, I 18

answered with names. That's all I'm saying, Mike. 19

So what's your question? I mean, I 20 thought I already answered this question. That's 21

my response to your question. 22 Q. Well, Mr. Carey, I'm not trying to-23

24 burden you -

Page 215

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-- by asking the same question --Q.

3 A. Okay.

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4 Q. -- over and over again.

Α. Okav.

6 Maybe we just crossed in the night. Why 7 don't we take a lunch break and come back in an 8 hour or so.

Yeah, and if I didn't answer, I'll be 9 Α. 10 glad to answer.

(A break was taken for lunch from 12:56 11 12 to 1:44, 47 minutes.)

Well, I told you it's jointly prepared, with the front section, which we're talking about

here, typically prepared by the legal; and the back

And if the composition of the board

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for legal

changes, do you believe that that should be

A. I would really refer that to legal on

O. But this document doesn't come from

what they think about that. I mean, it's not

really a financial or an accounting issue.

MR. BURKE: Objection.

announced and available to shareholders?

conclusion; calls for speculation.

section, the financial stuff, typically prepared by 15 the financial people.

16

legal, correct?

Who do you believe is ultimately 17 responsible for the contents of Defendant's Exhibit 18 19 12

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for legal 20 21 conclusion.

Well, I think that the legal people are 22

responsible for getting the legal stuff right, and 23

the financial people are responsible for getting

55 (Pages 214 to 217)

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Page 218

AFTERNOON SESSION (The question was read back.) BY MR. BRAUTIGAM:

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Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Carey. Welcome back. Mr. Carey, I certainly don't mean to burden you by asking the same questions over and over again, but it's in a slightly different context. So I can start over for the afternoon.

You talked about legal and financial people being responsible for Defendants' Exhibit 1. Other than what you've already told me, are there any legal and financial people by name who you can mention who were responsible in whole or in part for Defendants' Exhibit 1?

A. I can't remember exactly what I said before, so to be expedient, I'll try to repeat it 16 17

On the financial side, Tony Stollings, who is our controller; Rick Hannebut, who was head of financial reporting; probably John Farrenkopf, mergers and acquisitions. They would have been the principal people on the financial side.

On the legal side, when this document was prepared, it would have been Mark McGee, who

I think it was Pat Condren, yeah. A.

1 I know he was the CFO. I don't know if 2 O. he also had that title. 3

I would say I think they probably had a controller. I don't think we would have worked with the controller on it. He could have been both even in that size company.

Exactly. Did you know that KMK was 8 named as a defendant in this litigation? 9

10 Yes. I don't think they were initially. I think it was later. 11

Q. How did you learn that?

I don't recall exactly, but I suspect I 13

would have been -- our legal counsel would have 14 told me that. That's probably how I would have 15

learned, or Mark McGee probably would have said, 16

Hey, they've been named in the litigation. 17

Did Mark McGee come from KMK? 18 Q.

I don't think so. I'm not sure. 19 A.

Did Jim Whitaker come from KMK? 20 O.

21 Yes, Jim Whitaker came from KMK.

22 When you learned from whatever source

that KMK had been named a defendant in an amended 23

complaint, what was your reaction? 24

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was our general counsel at the time and now I think is our deputy general counsel because Jim Whitaker wasn't there, and I'm sure he had someone else on his staff, but I just can't remember who that would have been; and then there would have been some people from KMK.

And my best remembrances would have been Tim Matthews is probably the person that I would have had the most direct dialogue with. Maybe David Rosenburg. Tim was more of a hands-on kind of person; David was not.

And then there clearly would have been interaction with OHSL, their controller -- and probably primarily their controller would have been the person -- and perhaps some legal firm they would have used. I wouldn't remember the name of their legal firm.

Typically, there might have been conversations about the document with their legal firm and our legal people and myself in terms of talking about the document, any questions and that sort of thing.

When you say OHSL's controller, I don't Q. remember who that is offhand. Was it Pat Condren? Page 221

Page 220

1 Well, my reaction to learning that was 2 that it was kind of a bogus kind of thing that they were mentioned; but I'm not an expert on these kind 3 of processes, but it sounded a little bit odd that 4 5 they would be named.

6 Okay. You used the word bogus in your 7 previous answer. What did you mean by that?

I mean that it was probably

inappropriate that they were being named; that it 9

was a legal maneuvering to have us spend more money 10 or something like that. I just viewed it as legal

11 maneuvering. I didn't see that it was going to 12

13 help resolve the issue.

Do you know why they were named? O.

I don't remember. At the time, I'm sure 15 it was described to me. I don't remember. I mean, 16

I know you talked about conflict of interest area, 17

but I'm really getting more from you. I don't 18

19 remember why they were named. It could have been

that. I'm sure I knew at the -- when I was 20

21 informed. I'm sure I knew. 22

Do you know what pleadings are?

23 I probably need a little more work on Α. 24 what a pleading is.

56 (Pages 218 to 221)

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Page 222

Q. Let me represent to you pleadings are documents that are filed with the court. Sometimes they have a file stamp on it; sometimes they're filed electronically. That's what a pleading is.

A. Okay.

Q. Have you read any pleading cover to cover?

A. Something like this (indicating)?

Q. Yes.

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10 A. For the OHSL?

Q. For the Thiemann litigation.

A. Probably. I think the very first one I think I read cover to cover because I didn't know what to make of it, and I don't know when we first got it if there was such a quick response as to whether it was something that should be taken seriously.

So I probably read the first one. I can't say that I read -- I don't recall whether I read any ones that came after that cover to cover.

Q. And when you say the first one, is it likely that you're referring to the initial complaint?

A. Right, that would be likely what I would

acquisition.

That was my judgment at the time, and I think that was the conclusion that other people drew, too.

Q. Okay. I want to make sure I understand this correctly. Was it your conclusion, when you used the phrase "us and our company," that Provident was not appropriately named as a defendant?

10 A. No, it wasn't Provident, per se. I 11 mean, we'd bought their company, so it was --12 because I believe the directors of their company 13 and our directors and myself were all named as 14 defendants in this.

And it didn't seem like it made sense -didn't seem like to me -- I wasn't focused on who
was the defendant. I was more focused on is there
some legitimate claim here, and it didn't appear
that there was a legitimate claim. And as you can
imagine, that happens numerous times to larger
companies.

22 Q. What happens?

23 A. We get people that sue us for things

24 because we're a deep pocket, and most of the time

Page 223

be referring to.

Q. Okay. And did you form a conclusion as to whether or not the initial complaint was something that should be taken seriously?

A. Well, I formed a conclusion that the initial complaint appeared to be -- and I don't know if this is the right word -- is specious the right way to describe this? Like, not -- this was an effort by somebody to try to extract some money from the company without any real reason that they should be doing that.

Q. So you associated this with the equivalent of court-filed blackmail, essentially?

A. I wouldn't use the word blackmail, no. It didn't seem like, to me, there was a real reason to be trying to get money from the company, because my general sense of it was that the case was about the fact that their CEO decided not to vote his shares.

And I can't remember whether this — the resigning or retiring of the director was in that or not, but it didn't seem like there was anything in there that made it sound like somebody should be suing us and our company because of the

Page 225

Page 224

they resolve with no settlement at all.

Q. What would an example of something like that be?

A. Well, on the lending side there typically are some where -- in the distressed situation -- in a distressed situation where a customer -- we have to call our collateral and do things like that. Sometimes people will sue you no matter what; and in my experience over the years, it's usually unsuccessful.

Q. With respect to reading the initial complaint, did you get a sense that the accusations were in part about corporate suffrage?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation; legal conclusion.

A. What do you mean by suffrage?

Q. About the ability of the OHSL
shareholders to exercise their voting rights based
on fair, accurate, and complete information.

20 MR. BURKE: Same objection.

A. I don't... That's probably a little

tough for me to go back that far and rememberwhether that was something that I focused on. I

24 mean, so I can't recall whether that -- my focus

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Page 226

was is this a legitimate suit or not.

I don't recall that far back. I mean, my best remembrance is really more is this some legitimate lawsuit against us or not.

- And you concluded there was not?
- A.

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- And did you believe that the lawsuit Q. would be thrown out of court shortly in due course?
- No. These things -- I mean, these things tend to drag on. I didn't necessarily think it would be thrown out shortly. I didn't have an opinion on that.

We really try to find out is this something that there should be some accounting recognition for or, you know, disclosure issues; and it didn't seem like it was going to be something like that.

- 18 Q. Other than legal counsel, did you 19 discuss the relative merits of the lawsuit with 20 others?
- 21 Well, I can't recall. I think it's A. possible we might have talked to our accounting 22 23 firm because it -- it's probably included in our quarterly litigation letter. But I might not if

Page 228

- we didn't think there was a legitimate lawsuit 1 2 here. There was no discussion of whether people were going to be deposed or not. That's more what 3 4 lawyers might -- must talk about. Our discussions 5 would have been more is this a viable suit or not.
 - Was there anything in the initial complaint that surprised you?
- I don't remember. There could have 8 been. I don't remember. I don't know whether 9 that's when I found out, for example, that this guy 10 resigned or not. 11

If that was when I found out, and I 12 don't remember, that probably would have been a surprise; but I just don't know whether I already had known that or not. I don't have a remembrance that I read this and there was a surprise.

- Provident is a significant consumer of 17 legal services, correct? 18
- MR. BURKE: Objection to form. You may 19 20 answer.
- 21 I'm not totally sure. I mean, I think A. we spend a meaningful amount on an annual basis in 22
- legal fees outside law firms, and not just KMK, of 23
- 24 course, but a large group of law firms.

Page 227

Page 229

- Tony -- our controller might have talked to them about it.
- I don't -- I can't recall. It's possible I could have talked to KMK. I just can't recall whether I -- there's a lot going on in the company, and I don't know if it went beyond just our legal counsel and our board.
- Q. This was back in 2000. Do you remember talking to Mr. Hoverson about this?
- A. It would be hard for me to remember a specific conversation in 2000 with all the things that go on in a company.
- Q. I understand. Do you remember generally the topic of this litigation coming up?
- A. I don't know about in 2000, but I know that -- I'm sure there were some occasion where the topic came up. I don't think it was ever a substantive conversation, but I can't recall.
- And as best you can, what were the substance of these conversations: Lawsuit's not meritorious; don't worry about it; no one will ever be deposed; it'll be over?
- 23 MR. BURKE: Objection to form.
 - I would say that the substance was that

- And Provident has existed for 102 years, 1 Q. 2 correct?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. And for the last 50 years, Provident has 5 been relying, in part, on KMK for legal advice, 6 correct?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation.

Yeah, I can't say at all about the last 9 50 years. I can tell you that I know that for the 10 last -- since when I joined the company, they were 11 using KMK, but other law firms, too. 12

And I think significant other law firms with significant fees, sometimes greater than KMK, for example, for legal advice on an annual basis.

I don't think KMK on an annual basis. 16 17

I can't recall the exact numbers, but I have looked at the numbers. I don't think every 18

year KMK would have been the single largest firm 19

that we paid the most to. I think it's likely 20

- 21 there would be other firms in different years that
- might have -- that we might have paid more out to. 22
 - Why was that? Q.
- 24 A. Business activity.

58 (Pages 226 to 229)

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Page 230

Q. When Provident seeks out legal services, do you expect to get independent legal advice?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation; no foundation. You may answer.

A. I would say that I have not personally looked at it that way. We expect to get accurate legal advice, sound legal advice. There are certain situations where independent thinking, of course, is appropriate; but I don't know if that would apply to every situation.

Q. Do you believe that independent thinking on the part of a law firm representing Provident, its directors, and others, including yourself, is a good thing in litigation?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation; no foundation.

A. I don't know if I'm really qualified to answer that, Mike. I know you're asking me how I believe, but... Why don't you restate it.

Q. Certainly. Mr. Carey, do you personally believe that you will be best served by legal advice that's completely independent?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation.

1 advisors to tell us. We don't want agreement.

Tell us what you think; be independent andobjective.

Q. How can KMK be independent if they were, for a time, defendants in the litigation?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Calls for speculation.

8 A. Yeah, I think that is more probably
9 something that I think almost a legal person would
10 have to answer, because I'm not sure -- I don't

11 know if I have a good comparable.

I'm trying to think about whether an accounting firm could be independent. You know, they audit your numbers. They're involved with your company. They still seem to be independent. You pay them. Seems like a similar relationship.

17 Q. Actually, isn't it a requirement that 18 the accounting firm be independent?

MR. BURKE: Objection.

20 A. Yes, it is.

21 Q. In fact, on page 46, the accounting

22 report says, Report of Ernst & Young, LLP,

23 independent auditors, correct?

24 A. I think that's correct.

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A. I don't know -- I don't know how to answer that because I rely heavily on our legal counsel internally, and he's not independent; and I don't tell him to go call KMK to check his answer. I'm not sure how to really answer that.

Q. Do you believe that KMK is capable of providing you with independent legal advice --

A. Absolutely.

9 Q. -- in this litigation?

10 A. Absolutely.

11 Q. Why?

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A. Because they're an extremely high integrity firm that I've dealt with numerous of the associates/partners in the firm, and I feel like I get -- you know, we've gotten really strong services from them.

So I'm not worried that they would try to see things our way. It's not a concept I've thought a lot about with our legal relationship. I mean, it's a good concept that they should be independent thinking. I'm not saying it isn't, but I certainly would expect them to say what they think.

That's what we want these kind of

Page 233

Page 232

Q. Do you know if there have been any witnesses from KMK who have been designated as witnesses at trial?

4 A. I don't know the answer to that 5 question.

Q. Would the answer to that question assist you in making a determination as to whether or not KMK was in a position to provide you and Provident with truly independent legal advice?

MR. BURKE: Objection. Speculation.

A. I don't know. I don't know whether it would or wouldn't. I mean, can I just -- you're saying if they have been deposed as a witness, would that prevent them from being independent?

15 Q. Would that be a factor that you would

16 want to consider?

17 MR. BURKE: Objection. Speculation.

18 You can answer.

19 A. I don't know how to -- I'm not really a

qualified expert in determining the factors to
judge a legal firm's independence or not. It's a

22 new concept for me; not totally foreign, but

23 somewhat new. So I don't know. I'd have to really

4 think about what that would be. I'd probably ask

59 (Pages 230 to 233)